Watertown, Wisconsin

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Including Independent Auditors' Report

As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the City Council City of Watertown Watertown, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Watertown, Wisconsin, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Watertown's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City of Watertown's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Watertown's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Watertown, Wisconsin, as of December 31, 2017 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Watertown's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Madison, Wisconsin May 9, 2018

Baker Tilly Virchaw Frause, LLP

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Our discussion and analysis of the City of Watertown's financial performance provides an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year that ended on December 31, 2017. Please read it in conjunction with the City's financial statements following this section:

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- > The City's total net position at the end of 2017 totaled \$134 million, which is an increase of \$2.6 million or 2.0% from 2016. Of the \$134 million in total net position, \$54.3 million was related to governmental activities and \$79.7 million was related to business-type activities.
- > During the year, the City's governmental activities expenses were \$1.0 million more than the \$25.6 million generated in taxes and other revenues for the governmental programs. This is compared to 2016 when expenses exceeded revenues by \$0.7 million.
- > In the City's business-type activities, revenues and capital grants contributions increased from \$11.1 million to \$12.2 million and expenses increased by \$0.5 million to \$8.6 million. Capital contributions remained at \$0.1 million in 2017 as in 2016. Charges for services increased by \$1.2 million. Expenses remained steady in the Storm Water and Wastewater Utilities but increased by \$0.5 million in the Water Utility due to non-cash depreciation expense.
- > The total cost of the City's governmental activities programs increased \$1.0 million or 3.9% to \$26.6 million.
- > The combined fund balance of the governmental funds decreased to just under \$16.4 million, a difference of \$237,008 from the prior year.
- > Capital assets for the City increased \$3.6 million from \$164.6 million in 2016. Governmental activities saw a decrease of \$1.0 million and the business-type activities increased \$4.6 million due to construction of a new central plant for the Water Utility.
- Seneral obligation debt for governmental activities decreased from \$39.9 million to \$38.3 million. The City issued \$3.0 million in new G.O. debt, \$805,000 of taxable refunding bonds, \$945,000 of water revenue refunding bonds and a safe drinking water fund loan of \$9,825,830. Revenue debt of business-type activities increased from \$16.2 million to \$23.4 million due to new debt issued to fund the new central plant for the Water Utility.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual financial report consists of four parts:

- > Management's discussion and analysis
- > Basic financial statements
- > Government-wide Financial Statements
- > Fund Financial Statements
- > Notes to the Financial Statements
- > Required Supplementary information
- > Combining statements for non-major governmental funds

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- > The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the City's overall financial status.
- > The remaining statements are <u>fund financial statements</u> that focus on <u>individual parts</u> of City government and report the City's operations in <u>more detail</u> than the government-wide statements. The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.
- > The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining statements that provide details about our non-major governmental funds. The non-major funds are added together and presented in a single column in the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

Government-wide statements report information about the City as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all governmental assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statements of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the City's net position and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of revenues— is one way to measure the City's financial health, or position.

- > Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- > To assess the overall health of the City you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the City's property tax base, economy, and rate of growth.

The government-wide financial statements of the City are divided into three categories:

- Sovernmental activities Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as police, fire, public works, parks and recreation, library, and general administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.
- > Business-type activities The City charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The City's water, sewer and storm water utilities are included here.
- > Component Units the City includes the Watertown Redevelopment Authority in its report. Although legally separate, this "component unit" is important because the City is financially accountable for them. Separately issued financial statements are prepared for the Watertown Redevelopment Authority.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds – not the City as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the City uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

The City has three kinds of funds:

- Sovernmental funds Most of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on subsequent pages, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- > Proprietary funds Services for which the City charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. These services include water, sewer, and storm water utilities. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information about activities the City operates like a business.
- > Fiduciary funds The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for collection of all property taxes within the City for all taxing districts, including the Watertown Unified School District, Jefferson and Dodge Counties, and Madison Area Technical College. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. We exclude these activities from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position. The City's combined net position was \$134.0 million. The majority of the net position, \$79.7 million, belongs to the business-type activities of the City. The business-type activities of the City consist of the water, sewer, and storm water utilities. The governmental activities had net position totaling \$54.3 million.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE (cont.)

Table A-1 City of Watertown's Net Position (in millions of dollars)

		nmental		ess-type ivities	т	otal	Percentage Change
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016-2017
Current and other assets	\$ 32.5	\$ 33.0	\$ 7.8	\$ 13.0	\$ 40.3	\$ 46.0	14.1%
Capital Assets	77.2	76.2	87.3	92.0	<u> 164.5</u>	168.2	2.2%
Total assets	109.7	109.2	95.1	105.0	204.8	214.2	4.6%
Pension related amounts Unamortized loss on advance	6.6	4.7	0.9	0.6	7.5	5.3	(29.3)%
refunding Total deferred outflows of			<u>0.1</u>	<u>0.1</u>	0.1	<u>0.1</u>	0.0%
resources	6.6	4.7	1.0	0.7	7.6	5.4	(28.9)%
Long-term debt outstanding	38.1	35.4	15.8	22.4	53.9	57.8	7.2%
Other liabilities	6.8	7.3	3.0	3.3	9.8	10.6	8.2%
Total liabilities	44.9	42.7	18.8	25.7	63.7	68.4	7.4%
Pension Related amounts	2.5	1.9	0.3	0.3	2.8	2.2	(21.4)%
Unearned revenues	<u>14.5</u>	<u> 15.1</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>14.5</u>	<u> 15.1</u>	4.1%
Total deferred inflows of							
resources	17.0	17.0	0.3	0.3	17.3	17.3	0.0%
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets	44.9	43.2	70.2	67.5	113.1	108.9	(3.7)%
Restricted	8.9	8.8	4.3	4.6	13.2	13.4	1.5%
Unrestricted	0.6	2.3	2.5	7.6	5.1	<u>11.7</u>	129.4%
Total net position-end of year	\$ 54.4	\$ 54.3	\$ 77.0	\$ 79.7	\$ 131.4	\$ 134.0	2.0%

^{*}as restated

Net position of the City's governmental activities decreased \$0.1 million during 2017 bringing the total to \$54.3 million. The majority of net position was either restricted to the purposes it can be used or is invested in capital assets (buildings, roads, equipment). The governmental activities had a \$2.3 million surplus year-end, an increase of \$1.7 million from the previous year.

The net position of the City's business-type activities increased \$2.7 million. The unrestricted position increased by \$5.1 million from \$2.5 to \$7.6 million. The Wastewater utility saw the largest net position increase at \$1.4 million with the Water utility increasing \$0.8 million and the storm water utility increasing \$0.5 million.

Changes in net position. The City's 2017 total revenues (excluding capital contributions and transfers) increased by \$1.4 million bringing the total to \$37.0 million. Property taxes increased by \$0.4 million and charges for services increased by \$1.2 million. Capital grants and contributions increased by \$0.4 million. Other revenues remained constant or experienced only slight changes. Total expenses increased by \$1.5 million or 4.5% to \$35.2 million. Governmental activities saw an increase of \$1.0 million in expenses while the business-type activities saw an increase of \$0.5 million. Table A-2 and the narrative that follows consider the operations of governmental and business-type activities separately.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE (cont.)

Table A-2 Change in City of Watertown's Net Position (in millions of dollars)

		nmental vities		ess-type vities	Te	otal	Total Percentage Change
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016-2017
Revenues			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Program revenues							
Charges for Services	\$ 4.1	\$ 4.1	\$10.9	\$12.1	\$ 15.0	\$ 16.2	8.0%
Capital grants and contributions	0.3	0.7	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.8	100.00%
Operating grants and	0.0	0.0				0.0	2.22/
contributions	2.2	2.2	-	-	2.2	2.2	0.0%
General revenues	444	115			111	445	2.00/
Property taxes	14.1 0.5	14.5 0.4	-	-	14.1	14.5 0.4	2.8%
Other taxes	0.5 3.2	0.4 3.2	-	-	0.5 3.2	0.4 3.2	(20.0)% 0.0%
Intergovernmental Investment income	3.2 0.1	3.2 0.2	-	-	3.2 0.1	3.2 0.2	100.0%
Gain(loss) on sale of assets	0.1	0.2	0.1	-	0.1	0.2	(100.00)%
Others	0.4	0.3	0.1	_	0.1	0.0	(25.0)%
Total revenues	24.9	25.6	11.1	12.2	36.0	37.8	5.0%
Expenses							
General government	2.1	2.3	-	-	2.1	2.3	9.5%
Public safety	7.9	8.3	-	-	7.9	8.3	5.0%
Public works	8.7	9.0	-	-	8.7	9.0	3.4%
Health and human services	8.0	0.7	-	-	8.0	0.7	(12.5)%
Culture, education and recreation	3.4	3.9	-	-	3.4	3.9	14.7%
Conservation and development	0.7	1.2	-	-	0.7	1.2	71.4%
Interest and fiscal charges	2.0	1.2	-	-	2.0	1.2	(40.0)%
Water	-	-	2.8	3.3	2.8	3.3	17.9%
Wastewater	-	-	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	0.0%
Storm water	<u></u>	26.6	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	0.0%
Total expenses	25.6	26.6	8.1	8.6	33.7	35.2	4.5%
Excess (Deficiency) before							
transfers	(0.7)	(1.0)	3.0	3.6	2.3	2.6	13.0%
Transfers	0.8	0.9	(0.8)	(0.9)	-	_	-
							
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	0.1	(0.1)	2.2	2.7	2.3	2.6	
BEGINNING NET POSITION	\$54.3	\$54.4	\$74.8*	\$77.0	\$129.1*	\$131.4	
ENDING NET POSITION	\$54.4	\$54.3	\$77.0	\$79.7	\$131.4	\$134.0	2.0%

^{*} as restated

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE (cont.)

Governmental Activities. Revenues for the City's governmental activities increased \$0.7 million or 2.8% totaling \$25.6 million. Property taxes account for more than half of the total, followed by charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. Shared revenue from the State of Wisconsin makes up most of the intergovernmental revenues. EMS charges, building permits, court fines, cable TV, and recreation fees are included in charges for services. Capital grants and contributions increased \$0.4 million. Property taxes increased by \$0.4 million or 2.8% in 2017.

Governmental activities expenses increased by \$1.0 million or 3.9% to \$26.6 million. Culture, education and recreation and conservation and development saw the largest increases at \$0.5 million each, followed by \$0.4 million increase for public safety and \$0.3 million increase for public works and \$0.2 million increase for general government expenses. Interest and fiscal charges saw the largest decrease at \$0.8 million followed by a \$0.1 million decrease in health and human services expenses. Public safety includes police, fire, and building, safety and zoning. Culture, education and recreation include the library and park and recreation departments and the tourism fund. Expenses exceeded revenues by \$1.0 million prior to transfers of \$0.9 million.

Table A-3 presents the total cost of each of the City's governmental activities as well as each activity's net cost. Activity's net cost is total cost minus fees generated by the activities and direct intergovernmental aid. The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the City's taxpayers or indirect revenue sources by each of these activities.

- > The cost of all *governmental* activities during 2017 was \$26.6million.
- > The net cost for these activities was \$19.6 million with \$14.5 million coming from property taxes, \$3.2 million from unrestricted shared revenue and from other revenues like interest.
- > The balance of the costs of the *governmental* activities was paid for by:
 - Those who directly benefited from the programs by paying for services or
 - Other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and
 - Contributions.

Table A-3
Net Cost of City of Watertown Governmental Activities
(in millions of dollars)

		ll Cost ervices	Percentage Change		Cost ervices	Percentage Change
	2016	2017	2016-2017	2016	2017	2016-2017
General government	\$ 2.1	\$ 2.3	9.5%	\$ 1.8	\$ 1.9	5.6%
Public safety	7.9	8.3	5.0%	6.5	7.0	7.7%
Public works	8.7	9.0	3.4%	5.3	5.4	1.9%
Health and human services	0.8	0.7	(12.5)%	0.3	0.2	(33.0)%
Culture, education and recreation	3.4	3.9	14.7%	2.4	2.7	12.5%
Conservation and development	0.7	1.2	71.4%	0.6	1.2	100.0%
Other	2.0	1.2	(40.0)%	2.0	1.2	(40.0)%
Total	\$ 25.6	\$ 26.6	3.9%	\$18.9	\$19.6	3.7%

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE (cont.)

Business-type Activities. Revenues of the City's business-type activities charges for services increased from \$11.0 million to \$12.1 million. Expenses also increased by \$0.5 million with expenses in the Water Utility accounting for most of the total. Expenses in the Wastewater and Storm Water Utilities remained stable. (Refer to Table A-4). Factors contributing to the results included:

- > Increase in rates for the Water and Wastewater utilities (Water Utility effective April 1.)
- > Increase in non-cash depreciation expense due to new central water plant

Table A-4 presents the Net Position activity in each of the City's business-type activities.

Table A-4
Change in Business Type Activities
(in millions of dollars)

		iter lity		Wastewater Utility		Water lity	То	ıtal	Total Percentage Change
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016-2017
Revenues Program revenues									
Capital grants and contributions	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0%
Charges for services	4.1	4.9	5.2	5.5	1.7	1.7	11.0	12.1	10.0%
General revenues									
Investment Income Total Revenue	<u>0.0</u> 4.2	<u>0.0</u> 5.0	<u>0.0</u> 5.2	0.0 5.5	<u>0.0</u> 1.7	<u>0.0</u> 1.7	<u>0.0</u> 11.1	<u>0.0</u> 12.2	100.0% 10.8%
Expenses	2.8	3.3	4.1	4.1	1.2	1.2	8.1	8.6	6.2%
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	1.4	1.7	1.1	1.4	0.5	0.5	3.0	3.6	23.3%
Transfers	(0.8)	(0.9)	<u></u>	— <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(0.8)	<u>(0.9)</u>	12.5%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	0.6	0.8	1.1	1.4	0.5	0.5	2.2	2.7	27.3%
BEGINNING NET POSITION	25.6*	26.2	35.8*	36.9	13.4*	13.9	74.8*	77.0	
ENDING NET POSITION	26.2	27.0	36.9	38.3	13.9	14.4	77.0	79.7	3.8%

^{*} restated due to a change in accounting policy associated with capitalization methods for water well rehabilitation projects in accordance with PSCW guidelines.

Net position of business-type activities increased \$2.7 million from the restated 2016 amount. The Wastewater Utility increased \$1.4 million followed by the Water Utility with \$0.8 million and Storm Water Utility with \$0.5 million. Total revenues increased from \$11.1 million to \$12.2 million or 10.8%. Charges for services increased \$1.1 million or 10.0%. Total revenues in the Water Utility increased by \$0.8 million or 19.0%. The Wastewater Utility saw an increase of \$0.3 million while the Storm Water Utility remained unchanged. Total expenses of the business-type activities increased by \$0.5 million or 6.2%, in large part due to increased non-cash depreciation expense in the Water Utility.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Watertown's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the city's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$16.4 million, a decrease of \$237,008 from the previous year. Of the combined governmental fund balance, \$0.3 million is non-spendable and \$11.6 million is restricted, committed or assigned. This leaves \$4.5 million that is unassigned.

Table A-5
City of Watertown Governmental Fund Balance

	2016	2017
Non-spendable:	·	_
General Fund	251,653	267,018
Other Funds	28,150	18,200
Restricted:		
EMT/Act 102	6,931	6,931
Debt Fund	342,406	200,536
Other Funds	8,838,169	8,711,746
Committed:		
Capital project funds	856,481	596,663
Other Funds	594,240	855,719
Assigned:		
General Fund	1,179,722	1,261,509
Unassigned		
General Fund	4,595,705	4,538,158
Other Funds	(101,792)	(101,823)
Total Fund Balance	16,591,665	16,354,657

General Fund

The general fund total fund balance was \$6.1 million, which represents 37.6% of the final budget amount for year-end December 31, 2017. Of that amount, \$1.5 million is non-spendable or assigned. This leaves \$4.5 million or 74.7% unassigned, meaning it is available for appropriation. This amount represents 28.1% of the original general fund adopted budget expenses for the year 2017. In December of 2014, the Common Council adopted a policy stating that the undesignated fund balance should be between twenty (20%) and thirty (30%) percent of the annual adopted budget expenses, with a goal of twenty-five (25%) percent. The city's current unassigned general fund balance exceeds the goal the Common Council has set.

Debt Service Fund

The City's debt service fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. The entire fund balance of \$200,536 is restricted for future debt service.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS (cont.)

Capital Projects Funds

The City's capital projects funds account for the funds accumulated for the purpose of obtaining capital assets or for capital projects and other expenditures that are unique and are not normal operating or maintenance type expenditures reportable within the general fund or other governmental funds. The total fund balance as of December 31, 2017, is \$596,663, all of which is committed for the completion of projects that were not fully complete by year end.

Other Mon-Major Governmental Funds

The fund balance of all other governmental funds is \$9,483,842 out of which \$8.7 million is restricted and a small amount is non-spendable. TID #5's fund balance at \$3.7 million is the largest share of the non-major governmental funds, followed by \$1.7 million in TID #4 and \$1.1 million in TID #3.

Proprietary Funds

The City of Watertown's proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Factors concerning the finances of these funds are addressed in the discussion of the city's business-type activities.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditures. Over the course of the year, the Common Council revised the City Budget several times to transfer amounts between accounts.

The 2017 final budget had anticipated using \$199,990 of fund balance to balance the budget plus included \$37,677 of carryovers from the previous year which would have caused a fund balance decrease of \$237,667. Instead, final budget to actual numbers for 2017 show a general fund balance increase of \$39,605.

Total revenues overall were higher than budgeted by \$57,410. State aid for roads, building permits, court fines and ambulance charges were lower than budgeted but miscellaneous items such as grants and donations exceeded projections. Total expenditures were \$219,862 less than the final budget. Decreased expenditures in police salaries due to temporary vacancies, lower snow removal costs than anticipated, and a delay in projects for the branding effort contributed to the lower expenditures.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2017, the City had invested \$168.2 million in capital assets as presented in Table A-6. The largest investment was infrastructure, including roads, bridges, airport, and sidewalks, which totaled \$50.0 million net of depreciation. The Central Water Plant was substantially completed by the close of 2017.

Table A-6 City of Watertown Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in millions of dollars)

		nmental vities		Business-type Activities To		,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				•
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016–2017	2016–2017		
Buildings & improvements	11.7	11.3	-	-	11.7	11.3	(0.4)	(3.4)%		
Equipment	7.1	7.0	-	-	7.1	7.0	(0.1)	(1.4)%		
Infrastructure	50.4	50.0	=	-	50.4	50.0	(0.4)	(0.8)%		
Land	8.0	7.8	1.5	1.5	9.5	9.3	(0.2)	(2.1)%		
Construction in progress	0.0	0.1	3.3	0.0	3.3	0.1	(3.2)	(97.0)%		
Water System	-	-	29.1	38.3	29.1	38.3	9.2	31.6%		
Wastewater System	-	-	39.7	38.8	39.7	38.8	(0.9)	(2.3)%		
Storm Water System	-	-	13.8	13.4	13.8	13.4	(0.4)	(2.9)%		
Total	77.2	76.2	87.4	92.0	164.6	168.2	(3.6)	2.2%		

The City plans to spend approximately \$4.1 million in fiscal year 2018 in the governmental funds on capital assets. Major projects include a fiber optic installation project funded jointly with the Watertown School District, SCBA equipment for the Fire Department, reconstruction of the Riverside Park tennis courts, reconstruction of the North Second Street Bridge, continued street rehabilitation work and other various equipment purchases. More detailed information can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements – IV. D. Capital Assets.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (cont.)

Long-Term Debt

At year-end the City had \$39.7 million in general obligation bonds and notes outstanding, a decrease of \$1.9 million or 4.6% from the prior year as shown in Table A-7. \$4.1 million is anticipated to be borrowed in 2018 primarily for street reconstruction, reconstruction of the North Second Street Bridge, a fiber optic installation project funded jointly with the Watertown School District, and other various equipment purchases.

Revenue bonds increased \$7.2 million to \$23.4 million at year end; a 44.4% increase over 2016. The water utility reached substantial completion in the construction of a new Central Water Plant Facility in 2017 funded with a loan from the State of Wisconsin Safe Drinking Water Loan Program. More detailed information can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements – IV.F. Long-Term Obligations.

Table A-7 City of Watertown Outstanding Debt (in millions of dollars)

		mental ⁄ities	Business-type Activities		To	otal	Total (Dolla	Change ir %
	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016–2017	2016-2017
General obligation bonds (backed by the City)	39.9	38.3	1.7	1.4	41.6	39.7	(1.9)	(4.6)%
Revenue bonds and notes (backed by specific revenues)	-	-	16.2	23.4	16.2	23.4	7.2	44.4%
Total	39.9	38.3	17.9	24.8	57.8	63.1	5.3	9.2%

The City has the power to incur indebtedness for City purposes specified by statute in an aggregate amount, not to exceed 5 percent of the equalized value of taxable property in the City. On January 1, 2017, the City's total equalized value was \$1.394 billion giving the City a legal debt capacity of \$69.7 million. At December 31, 2017, the City is currently at 57.0% of capacity leaving additional borrowing capacity of \$30.0 million.

Moody's Investors Service, Inc. has assigned a rating of Aa3 to the City of Watertown's general obligation bonds and notes.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The City has a strategic location just north of Interstate 94 between Milwaukee and Madison. The City's tax base, currently at \$1.394 billion, increased by \$74 million over the prior year. New construction totaled \$36.9 million, an increase over the previous year's total of \$31.6 million. A total of 34 new living units were constructed which included 28 new single family homes and three duplexes. In addition, Clasen Quality Coatings began a major addition to their facility, Kwik-Trip re-constructed one of their three stores in the City, Aldi began a renovation/expansion project and the Watertown Regional Medical Center obtained a permit for renovation of its Geriatric Psychiatric Unit.

UNAUDITED MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As of and For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES (cont.)

The 2018 general fund operating budget expenditures are at \$16,525,000 an increase of \$400,400 or 2.5% over the 2017 original budget which was the maximum allowable increase to stay within the limits for the expenditure restraint program. The budget contains projected salary increases of 1% effective January 1, 2018 and 1% effective December 31, 2018 and anticipates using approximately \$200,000 of fund balance mainly for capital items and one-time expenses in the general fund. The 2018 Debt Fund budgeted expenditures are at \$4.5 million, up from \$4.1 million in 2017.

In 2012, TID #3 became a donor TID for TID #4 and #5. This eliminated the need to raise tax dollars to cover the increment shortfall in TID #4 and allowed a one-time transfer funds to TID #5 for downtown redevelopment. In 2017, the Watertown Redevelopment Authority (reported as a component unit of the City of Watertown) began acquiring properties in the 100 block of West Main Street for the purpose of development of a town square in the downtown area. Two properties on the block were acquired in 2017 with negotiations to purchase other properties on the block expected to continue in 2018. The City plans to close TID #3 in 2018.

Sewer and storm water rates are adjusted and approved by the Public Works Commission. Storm water rates have been unchanged since December, 2015 and sewer rates have been unchanged since January, 2017. The Public Service Commission of Wisconsin approved a water rate increase that became effective in April, 2017 to support construction of a Central Water Plant Facility and other infrastructure needs.

CONTACTING THE CITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, please contact the City Clerk/ Treasurer's Office, 106 Jones Street, Watertown, WI 53094.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2017

		F	Prima	ary Governme	nt			
	G	overnmental		usiness-type			(Component
	0.	Activities		Activities		Totals	•	Unit
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	14,910,387	\$	6,941,629	\$	21,852,016	\$	291,826
Taxes receivable		15,603,737		-		15,603,737		-
Other receivables (net)		1,826,211		1,078,286		2,904,497		20,790
Prepaid items and inventories		234,099		175,833		409,932		2,407
Other assets		-		750		750		-
Property held for resale		-		-		-		1,019,000
Internal balances		424,143		(424,143)		-		-
Restricted assets								
Cash and investments		-		5,165,214		5,165,214		-
Capital Assets								
Construction in progress		87,422		-		87,422		-
Land		7,801,749		1,524,214		9,325,963		-
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		68,334,725		90,516,319		158,851,044		<u> </u>
Total Assets		109,222,473	_	104,978,102		214,200,575		1,334,023
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension related amounts		4,710,792		616,316		5,327,108		_
Unamortized loss on advance refunding		-,710,732		95,571		95,571		_
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,710,792		711,887		5,422,679		
Total Deletted Outflows of Resources		4,7 10,7 32		711,007	_	5,422,013		
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		1,052,934		283,721		1,336,655		11,652
Deposits		311,418		-		311,418		-
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets Current portion of revenue bonds				2,665,949		2,665,949		
Accrued interest		-		100,208		100,208		-
Noncurrent Liabilities				100,200		100,200		
Due within one year		5,889,156		278,304		6,167,460		_
Due in more than one year		35,421,380		22,373,822		57,795,202		19,800
Total Liabilities		42,674,888		25,702,004	_	68,376,892		31,452
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension related amounts		1 014 500		253,009		2 167 500		
Unearned revenues		1,914,590 15,093,403		255,009		2,167,599 15,093,403		3,263
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		17,007,993		253,009	-	17,261,002		3,263
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		17,007,993		233,009		17,201,002	_	3,203
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		43,160,520		67,543,586		108,883,774		
Restricted for				4 700 004		4 700 004		
Debt service				1,708,961		1,708,961		-
TID activities		6,514,129 73,456		-		6,514,129		-
Grant programs Loan programs		1,674,746		-		73,456 1,674,746		_
Developer fees		164,110		_		164,110		_
Trust purposes		18,200		-		18,200		-
Library		296,594		-		296,594		_
Other		17,511		-		17,511		-
Capital asset replacement		- ,		2,773,236		2,773,236		-
Depreciation		-		129,731		129,731		-
Unrestricted		2,331,118		7,579,462	_	11,730,912		1,299,308
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	54,250,384	\$	79,734,976	\$	133,985,360	\$	1,299,308

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Program Revenues									
					Operating		Capital	P	rimary Governmer	nt	
			harges for		Grants and		Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Component
Functions/Programs	Expenses	;	Services	<u>C</u>	ontributions	<u>C</u>	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Totals	Unit
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities		•	.=	•		•		* (4.040.040)	•	* (4.040.040)	
General government	\$ 2,280,626	\$	356,908	\$	5,075	\$	-		\$ -	\$ (1,918,643)	
Public safety Public works	8,263,807 8,999,621		1,118,755 1,503,682		155,952 1,523,767		10,936 547,779	(6,978,164) (5,424,393)	-	(6,978,164) (5,424,393)	
Health and human services	719,956		300,139		208,814		547,779	(211,003)	-	(5,424,393)	
Culture, education, and recreation	3,881,699		784,924		292,841		109,122	(2,694,812)		(2,694,812)	
Conservation and development	1,249,996		704,324		21,496		103,122	(1,228,500)	_	(1,228,500)	
Interest and fiscal charges	1,186,452		_		21,430		_	(1,186,452)	_	(1,186,452)	
Total Governmental Activities	26,582,157		4,064,408		2,207,945	_	667,837	(19,641,967)		(19,641,967)	
Total Governmental Activities	20,302,137		4,004,400		2,207,943	_	007,037	(19,041,907)		(19,041,907)	
Business-type Activities											
Water	3,330,362		4,859,734		-		66,000	-	1,595,372	1,595,372	
Wastewater	4,111,403		5,516,141		-		-	-	1,404,738	1,404,738	
Stormwater	1,198,136		1,726,952		<u>-</u>				528,816	528,816	
Total Business-type Activities	8,639,901		12,102,827				66,000		3,528,926	3,528,926	
Total Primary Government	\$ 35,222,058	\$	16,167,235	\$	2,207,945	\$	733,837	(19,641,967)	3,528,926	(16,113,041)	
Component Unit											
Redevelopment Authority	\$ 146,286	\$	23,586	\$	1,422,008	\$		-	-	-	\$ 1,299,308
	General Reven	nues									
	Taxes										
	Property tax	es, le	vied for gene	ral p	ourposes			8,258,009	-	8,258,009	-
			vied for debt	serv	vice .			3,868,217	-	3,868,217	-
	Property tax	es, ta	x increment					2,408,888	-	2,408,888	-
	Other taxes							393,998	-	393,998	-
	•			res	tricted to spec	ific p	programs	3,176,515	-	3,176,515	-
	Investment in		•					216,311	94,585	310,896	-
	Miscellaneous	S						287,605	(000 004)	287,605	-
	Transfers							868,064	(868,064)		
	Total Gene	ral Re	evenues and	Trai	nsfers			19,477,607	(773,479)	18,704,128	
	Change i	in Ne	t Position					(164,360)	2,755,447	2,591,087	1,299,308
	NET P	OSIT	ION - Beginn	ing	of Year			54,414,744	76,979,529	131,394,273	
	NE	T POS	SITION - ENI	O OF	YEAR			\$ 54,250,384	\$ 79,734,976	\$ 133,985,360	\$ 1,299,308

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2017

		General		Debt Service	_	General Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Totals
ASSETS	φ	E 200 007	œ.	200 526	ው	E04 474	φ	0.006.740	Φ	44040307
Cash and investments Receivables (net)	\$	5,308,967	Ф	200,536	\$	504,174	\$	8,896,710	\$	14,910,387
Taxes		8,750,797		4,268,900		4,358		2,574,528		15,598,583
Delinquent personal property taxes		5,154		4,200,900		4,336		2,374,320		5,154
Accounts		290,716		_		_		131,902		422,618
Accrued interest		14,320		_		_		131,902		14,320
Grants		14,520		_		_		52,726		52,726
Due from other governments				_		382,496		52,720		382,496
Special assessments		28,766		_		54,031				82,797
Loans		20,700		_		34,031		871,254		871,254
Due from other funds		888,083		_		_		071,234		888,083
Advances to other funds		40,635		-		-		-		40,635
		221,229		_		_		12,870		234,099
Prepaid items		221,229	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	12,070	_	234,099
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	15,548,667	\$	4,469,436	\$	945,059	\$	12,539,990	\$	33,503,152
LIABILITIES, DEFFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	77,340	\$	_	\$	99,168	\$	97,862	\$	274,370
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	479,680	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	17,989	Ψ	497,669
Due to other funds		443,921		_		_		20,019		463,940
Advances from other funds		-		_		_		40,635		40,635
Other liabilities		11,400		_		8,343		300,018		319,761
Total Liabilities		1,012,341			_	107,511	_	476,523		1,596,375
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unearned revenues		8,306,876		4,268,900		4,358		2,513,269		15,093,403
Unavailable revenues		155,834		4,200,900		236,527		66,356		458,717
				4.000.000	-		_		_	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,462,710		4,268,900	_	240,885		2,579,625		15,552,120
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		267,018		-		-		18,200		285,218
Restricted		6,931		200,536		-		8,711,746		8,919,213
Committed		-		-		596,663		855,719		1,452,382
Assigned		1,261,509		-		-		-		1,261,509
Unassigned (deficit)		4,538,158			_	<u> </u>	_	(101,823)		4,436,335
Total Fund Balances		6,073,616	_	200,536	_	596,663	_	9,483,842	_	16,354,657
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,										
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	15,548,667	\$	4,469,436	\$	945,059	\$	12,539,990	\$	33,503,152

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 16,354,657
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note IV.D.	76,223,896
Some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements. See Note II.A.	458,717
The net pension liability does not relate to current financial resources and is not reported in the governmental funds.	(609,893)
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	4,710,792
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds	(1,914,590)
Some liabilities, including long-term debt, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. See Note II.A.	 (40,973,195)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 54,250,384

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

REVENUES	General	Debt Service	General Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Taxes	\$ 8,546,344	\$ 3,868,217	\$ -	\$ 2,538,320	\$ 14,952,881
Special assessments	Ψ 0,0+0,0++	Ψ 3,000,217	21,545	Ψ 2,000,020	21,545
Intergovernmental	4,278,414	_	285,953	912,942	5,477,309
Licenses and permits	494,778	-		1,358	496,136
Public charges for services	1,279,083	-	44,820	1,788,448	3,112,351
Intergovernmental charges for service	212,503	-	-	-	212,503
Investment income	83,665	-	21,182	85,080	189,927
Miscellaneous	186,987	15,455	132,407	526,751	861,600
Total Revenues	15,081,774	3,883,672	505,907	5,852,899	25,324,252
EXPENDITURES Current					
General government	2,070,167	_	_	_	2,070,167
Public safety	7,347,172	_	_	_	7,347,172
Public works	3,165,691	_	_	1,700,033	4,865,724
Health and human services	389,796	-	-	379,584	769,380
Culture, education, and recreation	2,487,518	-	-	786,360	3,273,878
Conservation and development	159,833	-	-	171,370	331,203
Public service enterprises	164,000	-	-	-	164,000
Capital Outlay Debt Service	108,238	-	3,729,832	1,213,669	5,051,739
Principal	-	3,900,380	-	1,409,323	5,309,703
Interest, issuance costs and fiscal charges	-	915,351	-	407,876	1,323,227
Principal on capital leases	-	56,904	-	-	56,904
Interest on capital leases		14,656	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	14,656
Total Expenditures	15,892,415	4,887,291	3,729,832	6,068,215	30,577,753
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(810,641)	(1,003,619)	(3,223,925)	(215,316)	(5,253,501)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		740.000			740.000
Refunding debt issued	-	710,000	-	-	710,000
Debt issued	-	407.040	2,735,000	265,000	3,000,000
Premium on debt issued	-	167,249	-	16,141	183,390
Sale of assets	25,932	-	229,107	-	255,039
Transfer in - tax equivalent	868,064	-	-	-	868,064
Transfers in	6,250	(45 500)	-	598,469	604,719
Transfers out	(50,000)	(15,500)		(539,219)	(604,719)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	850,246	861,749	2,964,107	340,391	5,016,493
Net Change in Fund Balances	39,605	(141,870)	(259,818)	125,075	(237,008)
FUND BALANCES - Beginning of Year	6,034,011	342,406	856,481	9,358,767	16,591,665
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,073,616	\$ 200,536	\$ 596,663	\$ 9,483,842	\$ 16,354,657

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (237,008)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of net position the cost of these assets is capitalized and they are depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Some items reported as capital outlay are not capitalized Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statements Net book value of assets retired	5,051,739 (2,098,043) (3,295,377) (634,027)
Contributed capital assets are reported as revenues in the government-wide statements.	24,800
Receivables not currently available are reported as revenue when collected or currently available in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements.	
Special assessments EMS services Accrued Interest Land contract and loan receivable Transit grants receivable Wisconsin DNR grant receivable	(11,835) 13,243 2,615 (15,179) 29,341 182,496
Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Debt issued Capital leases repaid Principal repaid	(3,710,000) 56,904 5,309,702
Governmental funds report debt premiums as other financing sources; however, in the statement of net position, these are reported as additions to long-term debt. These are allocated over the period the debt is outstanding in the statement of activities and are reported as interest expense.	
Debt premium Amortization of premium	(183,390) 105,182
Some expenses in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	576,999 (1,936,227)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	583,204
Compensated absences Accrued interest on debt	 (25,750) 46,251
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (164,360)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS As of December 31, 2017

		Water Utility	٧	Vastewater Utility	S	itormwater Utility		Totals
ASSETS								
CURRENT ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	2,187,257	\$	2,627,214	\$	1,477,157	\$	6,291,628
Interest receivable		777		6,429		-		7,206
Restricted assets								
Redemption account		641,905		1,167,264		-		1,809,169
Accounts receivable		426,515		481,927		160,665		1,069,107
Due from other funds		177,665		239,982		55,819		473,466
Inventories		117,469		-		-		117,469
Prepaid items		20,628		29,877		7,859	_	58,364
Total Current Assets		3,572,216		4,552,693		1,701,500		9,826,409
NONCURRENT ASSETS								
Restricted Assets								
Cash and investments		582,809		2,773,236		-		3,356,045
Capital Assets								
Land		210,990		648,923		664,301		1,524,214
Property and equipment		52,329,446		58,238,539		20,123,043	1	30,691,028
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(14,058,529)		(19,445,184)		(6,670,996)		(40,174,709)
Other Assets								
Cash and investments		-		650,001		-		650,001
Nonutility property		750		-		-		750
Special assessments		<u> </u>	_	1,973		_		1,973
Total Noncurrent Assets		39,065,466		42,867,488		14,116,348		96,049,302
Total Assets		42,637,682		47,420,181		15,817,848	_1	05,875,711
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unamortized loss on advance refunding		59,768		_		35,803		95,571
Deferred outflows related to pension		280,814		208,964		126,538		616,316
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	340,582	-	208,964		162,341	-	711,887
Total Deletted Outliows of Resources	_	340,302	_	200,304	_	102,041	_	7 11,007

	 Water Utility	_	Wastewater Utility	S	tormwater Utility		Totals
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 196,224	9	35,099	\$	4,849	\$	236,172
Compensated absences	16,837		21,467		-		38,304
Accrued wages	18,260		22,291		3,499		44,050
Accrued interest	230		105		3,164		3,499
Due to other funds	897,609		-		-		897,609
Current portion of general obligation debt	5,000		5,000		230,000		240,000
Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets							
Current portion of revenue bonds	969,660		1,696,289		-		2,665,949
Accrued interest	 59,037	_	41,171		_		100,208
Total Current Liabilities	 2,162,857	_	1,821,422		241,512	_	4,225,791
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES Long-Term Debt							
Revenue bonds	13,496,170		7,264,643		-		20,760,813
General obligation debt	45,000		40,000		1,105,000		1,190,000
Unamortized debt premium Other Liabilities	226,467		-		57,367		283,834
Net pension liability	31,295		30,686		15,537		77,518
Compensated absences	32,958		28,699		-		61,657
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,831,890	_	7,364,028		1,177,904		22,373,822
Total Liabilities	 15,994,747	_	9,185,450		1,419,416		26,599,613
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred inflows related to pension	 118,542	_	82,691		51,776		253,009
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	24,302,456		30,481,346		12,759,784		67,543,586
Restricted for debt service	582,868		1,126,093		-		1,708,961
Restricted for capital asset replacement	-		2,773,236		-		2,773,236
Restricted for depreciation	129,731		-		-		129,731
Unrestricted	 1,849,920	_	3,980,329		1,749,213		7,579,462
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 26,864,975	9	38,361,004	\$	14,508,997	\$	79,734,976

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Stormwater Utility	Totals
OPERATING REVENUES				
Charges for services	\$ 4,859,734	\$ 5,516,141	\$ 1,726,952	\$12,102,827
Total Operating Revenues	4,859,734	5,516,141	1,726,952	12,102,827
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Operation and maintenance	1,545,553	2,245,261	656,218	4,447,032
Depreciation	1,223,576	1,603,079	504,235	3,330,890
Total Operating Expenses	2,769,129	3,848,340	1,160,453	7,777,922
Operating Income	2,090,605	1,667,801	566,499	4,324,905
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Investment income	22,879	62,053	9,653	94,585
Debt issuance costs	(60,742)	-	-	(60,742)
Amortization of premium	9,832	-	-	9,832
Loss on retirement of assets	(334,733)	-	-	(334,733)
Interest expense	(175,590)	(263,063)	(37,683)	(476,336)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(538,354)	(201,010)	(28,030)	(767,394)
Income Before Contributions				
and Transfers	1,552,251	1,466,791	538,469	3,557,511
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	66,000	-	-	66,000
TRANSFERS - TAX EQUIVALENT	(868,064)			(868,064)
Change in Net Position	750,187	1,466,791	538,469	2,755,447
NET POSITION - Beginning of Year	26,114,788	36,894,213	13,970,528	76,979,529
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$26,864,975	\$38,361,004	\$14,508,997	\$79,734,976

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS ENTERPRISE FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Water Utility	Wastewater Utility	Stormwater Utility	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Received from customers	\$ 4,828,209	\$ 5,453,135	\$ 1,720,521	\$ 12,001,865
Paid to suppliers for goods and services	(1,038,436)	(1,656,843)	(371,546)	(3,066,825)
Paid to employees for services	(496,211)	(540,418)	(259,560)	(1,296,189)
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities	3,293,562	3,255,874	1,089,415	7,638,851
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING				
ACTIVITIES				
Paid to city for tax equivalent	(823,355)	-	-	(823,355)
Debt retired	(51,914)	(51,914)	-	(103,828)
Interest paid	(4,106)	(2,725)	-	(6,831)
Debt issuance costs	(60,742)	(1,238)	-	(61,980)
Debt issued	50,000	45,000		95,000
Net Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities	(890,117)	(10,877)		(900,994)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Debt retired	(1,810,001)	(1,723,046)	(222,500)	(3,755,547)
Interest paid	(147,284)	(270,217)	(42,722)	(460,223)
Proceeds from debt issue	10,770,830	-	-	10,770,830
Premium on new debt	25,775	-	-	25,775
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(7,529,537)	(710,697)	(113,829)	(8,354,063)
Repayment of temporary financing for capital	(1,800,000)	-	-	(1,800,000)
Cost of removal of capital assets	-	(31,377)	-	(31,377)
Capital contributions received	66,000	<u>-</u>		66,000
Net Cash Flows From Capital and				
Related Financing Activities	(424,217)	(2,735,337)	(379,051)	(3,538,605)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Investments purchased	383,896	(250,525)	-	133,371
Investments sold and matured	-	234,078	-	234,078
Investment income	25,234	55,624	9,653	90,511
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities	409,130	39,177	9,653	457,960
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	2,388,358	548,837	720,017	3,657,212
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - Beginning of Year	636,671	4,654,039	757,140	6,047,850
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,025,029	\$ 5,202,876	\$ 1,477,157	\$ 9,705,062

	Water Utility								Vastewater Utility	S	tormwater Utility		Totals
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO													
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES													
Operating income	\$ 2,090,605	\$	1,667,801	\$	566,499	\$	4,324,905						
Nonoperating income	-		1,238		-		1,238						
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to													
Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities													
Depreciation expense	1,223,576		1,603,079		504,235		3,330,890						
Depreciation charged to other funds	54,305		-		-		54,305						
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred													
Accounts receivable	(77,131)		(40,618)		(3,546)		(121,295)						
Due from other funds	(9,095)		(22,333)		-		(31,428)						
Inventories	9,032		-		-		9,032						
Prepaid items	(1,448)		2,984		1,185		2,721						
Due to other funds	18,464		-		(2,885)		15,579						
Accounts payable	(48,972)		(4,695)		-		(53,667)						
Compensated absences	16,434		(96)				16,338						
Other current liabilities	(15,183)		(2,430)		2,531		(15,082)						
Pension related deferrals and liabilities	32,975		50,944		21,396		105,315						
NET CASH FLOWS FROM													
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ 3,293,562	\$	3,255,874	\$	1,089,415	\$	7,638,851						
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES													
Capitalized interest	<u>\$ 101,768</u>	\$		\$									
Amortization of debt premium	\$ (9,832)	\$	<u> </u>	\$									
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION													
Cash and investments	\$ 2,187,257	\$	2,627,214	\$	1,477,157	\$	6,291,628						
Restricted cash and investments - current	641,905		1,167,264		-		1,809,169						
Restricted cash and investments - noncurrent	582,809		2,773,236		-		3,356,045						
Other assets - cash and investments			650,001	_		_	650,001						
Total Cash and Investments	3,411,971		7,217,715		1,477,157		12,106,843						
Less: Noncash equivalents	(386,942)		(2,014,839)				(2,401,781)						
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 3,025,029	\$	5,202,876	\$	1,477,157	\$	9,705,062						

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUND As of December 31, 2017

	Tax Collection Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 16,743,360
Taxes receivable	1,922,972
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 18,666,332
LIABILITIES	
Due to other taxing units	\$ 18,666,332
Due to other taxing units	Ψ 10,000,002
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 18,666,332

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the City of Watertown, Wisconsin conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

A. REPORTING ENTITY

This report includes all of the funds of the city. The reporting entity for the city consists of the primary government and its component unit. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization. (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax-exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of two methods, discrete presentation or blending. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and management of the primary government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens, or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

A. REPORTING ENTITY (cont.)

Discretely Presented Component Unit

City of Watertown Redevelopment Authority

The government-wide financial statements include the City of Watertown Redevelopment Authority ("RDA") as a component unit. The RDA is a legally separate organization. The board of the RDA is appointed by the mayor. Wisconsin Statutes provide for circumstances whereby the city can impose its will on the RDA, and also create a potential financial benefit to or burden on the city. See Note IV.I. As a component unit, the RDA's financial statements have been presented as a discrete column in the financial statements. The information presented is for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. Separately issued financial statements of the City of Watertown Redevelopment Authority may be obtained from the RDA's office.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The city does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the city are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues, and expenditures/expenses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the city or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the city believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The city reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund accounts for the city's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.
- Debt Service Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs, other than TID or enterprise debt.
- General Capital Projects Fund used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The city reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility - accounts for operations of the water system
Wastewater Utility - accounts for operations of the wastewater system
Stormwater Utility - accounts for operations of the stormwater system

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

The city reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds - used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

Transit System Fund
CDBG Economic Fund
CDBG Housing Rehab Fund
Library Fund
Riverfest Fund
Seal-A-Smile Fund

Developer Parks Fund Environmental Health Fund Emergency Preparedness Fund Library Trust Fund

Solid Waste Fund Tourism Fund

Capital Projects Funds - used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

TID No. 3 TID No. 6
TID No. 4 TID No. 7

TID No. 5

Permanent Fund - used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs, that is, for the benefit of the government or its citizenry.

Library Trust

In addition, the city reports the following fund types:

Agency Fund - used to account for and report assets held by the city in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the city's water, sewer and stormwater and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the city considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences, and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the city is entitled the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the city which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees, and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (cont.)

Fund Financial Statements (cont.)

Proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note. Agency funds follow the accrual basis of accounting, and do not have a measurement focus.

The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the utilities are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the city considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of city funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company maturing in three years or less.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority, or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

Additional restrictions may arise from local charters, ordinances, resolutions and grant resolutions.

Investment of most trust funds including cemetery perpetual care funds, is regulated by Chapter 881 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Investment of library trust funds is regulated by Chapter 112. Those sections give broad authority to use such funds to acquire various kinds of investments including stocks, bonds and debentures.

The city has adopted an investment policy. That policy follows the state statute for allowable investments.

No policy exists for the following risks:

Credit risk
Custodial credit risk
Interest rate risk
Concentration of credit risk

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. Fair values are based on methods and inputs as outlined in Note IV. A. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

The Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is part of the State Investment Fund (SIF), and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The SIF is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. Participants in the LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. At December 31, 2017, the fair value of the city 's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

The Watertown Area Community Foundation ("the Foundation") is a community endowment fund. The Foundation is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. It constitutes a contractual agreement between the city and the Foundation with respect to investment of city assets. The Foundation reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually. At December 31, 2017, the fair value of the Foundation's assets was substantially equal to the city's share as reported in Note IV. A.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 1. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

See Note IV. A. for further information.

2. Receivables

Property tax calendar - 2017 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date December 2017 Tax bills mailed December 2017 Payment in full, or January 31, 2018 First installment due January 31, 2018 Second installment due April 30, 2017 Third installment due July 31, 2017 Personal property taxes in full January 31, 2018 Tax sale - 2017 delinquent real estate taxes October 2020

Accounts receivable have been shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts for EMS service of \$232,251. Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the county, which assumes the collection thereof. No provision for uncollectible accounts receivable has been made for the water and sewer utilities because they have the right by law to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll, and other delinquent bills are generally not significant.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as internal balances.

The city has received federal and state grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The city records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The amount recorded as economic development and housing rehabilitation loans receivable has been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$86,289.

It is the city's policy to record revenue when the initial loan is made from the federal and state grant funds. The net amount of the loan receivable balance is included in restricted fund balance. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year-end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventories, if material, are recorded at cost based on the FIFO method using the purchases method of accounting. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and/or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at cost based on weighted average, and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

4. Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties. Current liabilities payable from these restricted assets are so classified. The excess of restricted assets over current liabilities payable from restricted assets will be used first for retirement of related long-term debt. The remainder, if generated from earnings, is shown as restricted net position.

5. Capital Assets

Government-Wide Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and \$50,000 for infrastructure assets, and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor, overhead, and an allowance for the cost of funds used during construction when significant. For tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest capitalized equals the interest expense incurred during construction netted against any interest revenue from temporary investment of borrowed fund proceeds. \$101,768 of net interest was capitalized during the current year. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)
 - 5. Capital Assets (cont.)

Government-Wide Statements (cont.)

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	15 - 70	Years
Land Improvements	12 - 40	Years
Machinery and Equipment	5 - 45	Years
Utility Systems	7 - 100	Years
Infrastructure	40 - 80	Years
Airport	20 - 30	Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

6. Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time

A deferred charge on refunding arises from the advance refunding of debt. The difference between the cost of the securities placed in trust for future payments of the refunded debt and the net carrying value of that debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense over the shorter of the term of the refunding issue or the original term of the refunded debt. The unamortized amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

7. Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts. Only benefits considered to be vested are disclosed in these statements.

All vested vacation and sick leave pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

7. Compensated Absences (cont.)

The city provides postemployment health insurance benefits for all eligible employees. Eligibility is based on retiring from the city meeting certain age requirements and with a minimum of ten years of service. The benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups, local ordinances, or employee benefit policies. Employees may convert \$60 (police union \$50/day) per day for up to 120 days of accumulated sick leave to pay for health care premiums. The cost of those premiums is recognized as an expenditure as the premiums are paid. The premiums are paid 50 percent by the converted sick leave and 50 percent by the employee. Funding for those costs is provided out of the current operating budget of the city. The contributions are financed on a pay as you go basis. Total expenditures for such premiums during the year were not material. The number of participants currently eligible to receive benefits is . The total amount outstanding at year-end to be paid in the future is not material to these financial statements.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2017, are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

8. Long-Term Obligations/Conduit Debt

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year-end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

The city has approved the issuance of industrial revenue bonds (IRB) for the benefit of private business enterprises. IRB's are secured by mortgages or revenue agreements on the associated projects, and do not constitute indebtedness of the city. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. The total amount of IRB's outstanding at the end of the year is approximately \$374,600, made up of two issues.

9. Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

10. Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The net position section includes an adjustment for capital assets owned by the business-type activities column, but financed by the debt of the governmental activities column. The amount is a reduction of "net investment in capital assets", and an increase in "unrestricted" net position, shown only in the total column. A reconciliation of this adjustment is as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Adjustment	Total
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 43,160,520	\$ 67,543,586	\$ (1,820,332)	\$108,883,774
Unrestricted	2,331,118	7,579,462	1,820,332	11,730,912

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the city's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. Nonspendable Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

- D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity (cont.)
 - 10. Equity Classifications (cont.)

Fund Statements (cont.)

- c. Committed Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the City Council. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the City Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. Assigned Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The City Council has, by resolution, adopted a financial policy authorizing the Clerk/Treasurer to assign amounts for a specific purpose. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. Unassigned Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The city considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the city would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The city has a formal minimum fund balance policy. That policy is to maintain an unassigned general fund balance within a range of 20% to 30% of annual general fund budgeted expenditures, with a targeted goal of 25%. The unassigned general fund balance at year end was \$4,538,158 or 28.1% of 2017 general fund budgeted expenditures.

See Note IV. H. for further information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE I - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont.)

D. Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, AND NET POSITION OR EQUITY (cont.)

11. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset (liability), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Basis for Existing Rates

Water Utility

Current water rates were approved by the Public Service Commission of Wisconsin effective April 11, 2017.

Wastewater Utility

Current wastewater rates were approved by the Public works Committee on January 2, 2017.

Stormwater Utility

Current stormwater rates were approved by the city council effective January 2, 2016.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE II - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance - total governmental funds and net position - governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that some receivables that are not currently available are reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide statements.

Special assessments receivable	\$ 82,797
EMS accounts receivable	112,748
Transit accounts receivable	52,726
Accrued Interest	27,950
Wisconsin DNR grant receivable	 182,496
Combined Adjustment for Unavailable	\$ 458,717
Revenue	

Long-term liabilities applicable to the city's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities-both current and long-term-are reported in the statement of net position.

Bonds and notes payable	\$ 38,303,648
Compensated absences	1,139,096
Capital leases	255,584
Accrued interest	272,552
Premium on debt	 1,002,315
Combined Adjustment for Long-Term	
Liabilities	\$ 40,973,195

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. EXCESS EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

Funds	E	Budgeted expenditures	Actual Expenditures	Ехр	Excess enditures Over Budget
Debt service fund	\$	4,082,641	\$ 4,902,791	\$	820,150
TID No. 3 capital projects fund		1,094,594	1,094,712		118
TID No. 4 capital projects fund		584,220	586,360		2,140
Seal a smile fund		12,835	15,415		2,580
CDBG housing rehab fund		10,000	10,593		593
CDBG economic fund		400	61,376		60,976
Developer parks fund		16,000	51,519		35,519

The city controls expenditures at the department level. Some individual departments experienced expenditures which exceeded appropriations. The detail of those items can be found in the city's year-end budget to actual report.

B. DEFICIT BALANCES

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year-end.

As of December 31, 2017, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund	 Amount	Reason
Transit system fund TID No. 6 capital projects fund TID No. 7 capital projects fund	\$ (14,794)	Grant revenue is unavailable Excess of expenditures over revenues Excess of expenditures over revenues

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created thereafter through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27 years) and may be extended in some cases.

The Transit system fund deficit is anticipated to be funded with future grant revenues.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE III - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (cont.)

C. LIMITATIONS ON THE CITY'S TAX LEVY

Wisconsin law limits the city's future tax levies. Generally the city is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the city's equalized value due to new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The city is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The city's deposits and investments at year-end were comprised of the following:

	 Carrying Value		Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Deposits U.S. agencies - implicitly guaranteed	\$ 8,189,623 3,960,785	\$	9,221,378 3,960,785	Custodial credit Credit, Custodial credit, Concentration of credit, interest rate
LGIP Watertown Area Community Foundation Certificates of deposit (negotiable)	24,611,653 124,477 5,155,854		21,611,653 124,477 5,155,854	Credit Interest rate, credit Credit, Custodial credit, Concentration of credit, interest rate
Cash on hand	 1,718,198	_		N/A
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 43,760,590	\$	40,074,147	
Reconciliation to financial statements				
Per statement of net position Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of assets and liabilities -	\$ 21,852,016 5,165,214			
agency fund Cash and investments	 16,743,360			
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 43,760,590			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and noninterest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$400,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has not been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC), created by the Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970, is an independent government-sponsored corporation (not an agency of the U.S. government).

SIPC membership provides account protection up to a maximum of \$500,000 per customer, of which \$100,000 may be in cash. \$500,000 of the city's investments are covered by SIPC. Additionally, through London insurers, accounts have additional securities coverage of \$149.5 million per customer, subject to a \$500 million aggregate firm limit.

The city maintains collateral agreements with its banks. At December 31, 2017, the banks had pledged various government securities in the amount of \$6,029,445 to secure the city's deposits.

The city categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The valuation methods for recurring fair value measurements are as follows:

> Quoted market prices

	December 31, 2017							
Investment Type	Leve	1 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
U.S. agencies - implicitly guaranteed Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	\$	- <u>-</u>	\$	3,960,785 5,155,854	\$	- -	\$	3,960,785 5,155,854
Total	\$		\$	9,116,639	\$		\$	9,116,639

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the city's deposits may not be returned to the city.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk (cont.)

Deposits (cont.)

As of December 31, 2017, \$2,690,528 of the city's total bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized

\$ 2,690,528

Investments

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the city will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The city does not have any investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

As of December 31, 2017, the city's investments were rated as follows:

Investment Type	 Amount	Standard & Poors	Moody's Investors Services	Not Rated
U.S agencies - implicitly guaranteed	\$ 3,960,785	AA+	Aaa	
Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	390,503	A2	P1	
Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	250,358	A1	P1	
Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	247,065	A1+		
Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	104,068	A2		
Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	250,043		P1	
Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	639,484		P2	
Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	248,721		P3	
Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	 3,025,612			Not rated
Total	\$ 9,116,639			

The city also held investments in the following external pools which are not rated:

Local Government Investment Pool

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (cont.)

Credit Risk (cont.)

Watertown Area Community Foundation

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment.

As of December 31, 2017, the city's investments were as follows:

		Maturity	(In Years)
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5
U.S. agencies implicitly guaranteed Certificates of deposits (negotiable)	\$ 3,960,785 5,155,854	\$ - 3,711,125	\$ 3,960,785 1,444,729
Totals	<u>\$ 9,116,639</u>	\$ 3,711,125	<u>\$ 5,405,514</u>

See Note I.D.1. for further information on deposit and investment policies.

B. RECEIVABLES

All receivables, except \$33,920 in general fund and \$871,254 in nonmajor funds, are expected to be collected within one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

B. RECEIVABLES (cont.)

Governmental funds report *unavailable or unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned	Unavailable
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Special assessments receivable EMS accounts receivable not available Transit accounts receivable Accrued interest Wisconsin DNR grant receivable	\$ 15,093,403 - - - - - -	\$ - 82,797 112,748 52,726 27,950 182,496
Total Unearned/Unavailable Revenue for Governmental Funds	<u>\$ 15,093,403</u>	\$ 458,717

For economic development loans, the city is limited by the Wisconsin Department of Administration to the amount of program income from economic development loans that it may retain to be loaned to other businesses and/or the amount of time for which funds may be held without use. Program income includes the principal and interest received from economic development loans repayments.

At December 31, 2017, the city has not exceeded the maximum amount of program income that it may retain or the amount of time for which funds may be held without use. When it does, a liability to the state will be recorded.

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long-Term Debt Accounts

Redemption	-	Used to segregate resources accumulated for debt service payments over the next twelve months.
Reserve	-	Used to report resources set aside to make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.
Depreciation	-	Used to report resources set aside to fund plant renewals and replacement or make up potential future deficiencies in the redemption account.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

C. RESTRICTED ASSETS (cont.)

Equipment Replacement Account

The wastewater utility established an equipment replacement account to be used for significant mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2017:

Restricted Assets	
Redemption account	\$ 1,809,169
Reserve account	453,078
Depreciation account	129,731
Replacement account	 2,773,236
Total Restricted Assets	\$ 5,165,214

D. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

	Beginning	A -1-1141	Dalatiana	Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 7,959,340	\$ -	\$ 157,591	\$ 7,801,749
Construction in progress	-	87,422	-	87,422
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	7,959,340	87,422	157,591	7,889,171
Comital access being demonstrated				
Capital assets being depreciated	0 440 40=	4=0 ===		0.000.400
Land improvements	3,440,437	173,755	6,000	3,608,192
Buildings	19,393,625	18,384	11,135	19,400,874
Machinery and equipment	14,704,881	1,107,698	2,791,785	13,020,794
Roads	75,879,641	379,217	265,873	75,992,985
Bridges	7,916,338	-	-	7,916,338
Sidewalks	2,742,231	82,034	6,131	2,818,134
Dams	927,703	1,129,986	-	2,057,689
Airport	3,904,963	-	-	3,904,963
Rail spur	895,335	_	_	895,335
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated Depreciated	129,805,154	2,891,074	3,080,924	129,615,304
Total Capital Assets	137,764,494	2,978,496	3,238,515	137,504,475

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D. CAPITAL ASSETS (cont.)				
- ()	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities (cont.)				
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	\$ (1,403,893)	\$ (100,159)	\$ 3,500	\$ (1,500,552)
Buildings	(9,732,690)	(479,969)	10,412	(10,202,247)
Machinery and equipment	(7,603,691)	(753,530)	2,390,781	(5,966,440)
Roads	(35,102,742)	(1,783,973)	194,389	(36,692,326)
Bridges	(1,729,405)	(97,716)	-	(1,827,121)
Sidewalks	(1,022,613)	(39,871)	5,406	(1,057,078)
Dams	(109,426)	(22,896)	-	(132,322)
Airport	(3,816,916)	(6,072)	-	(3,822,988)
Rail spur	(68,314)	(11,191)		<u>(79,505</u>)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(60,589,690)	(3,295,377)	2,604,488	(61,280,579)
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	69,215,464	(404,303)	476,436	68,334,725
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 77,174,804	<u>\$ (316,881</u>)	<u>\$ 634,027</u>	<u>\$ 76,223,896</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to functi	ons as follows:			
Governmental Activities General government				\$ 208,737
Public safety				292,053
Public works				2,518,913
Culture, recreation, education				257,954
Health and human services				17,720
Total Governmental Activities Deprec	iation Expense			\$ 3,295,377
•	•			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

D.	CAPITAL	ASSETS ((cont.))
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	Beginning Balance	_Additions_	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated Land	\$ 1,524,214	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,524,214
Construction in progress	3,325,381	6,919,295	10,244,676	<u> </u>
Total Capital Assets Not Being	4 940 E0E	6.010.205	10 244 676	1 504 014
depreciated	4,849,595	6,919,295	10,244,676	1,524,214
Capital assets being depreciated	10 000 500	10.005.004	4 077 400	50 000 440
Water system	43,380,588	10,825,984	1,877,126	52,329,446
Wastewater system Stormwater system	57,660,447 19,962,244	710,697 175,550	132,605 14,751	58,238,539 20,123,043
Total Capital Assets Being	19,902,244	173,330	14,731	20,123,043
Depreciated	121,003,279	11,712,231	2,024,482	130,691,028
Total Capital Assets	125,852,874	18,631,526	12,269,158	132,215,242
Less: Accumulated depreciation for				
Water system	(14,305,255)	(1,630,400)	1,877,126	(14,058,529)
Wastewater system	(18,006,087)	(1,603,079)	163,982	(19,445,184)
Stormwater system	(6,181,512)	(504,235)	14,751	(6,670,996)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(38,492,854)	(3,737,714)	2,055,859	(40,174,709)
Net Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	82,510,425	7,974,517	(31,377)	90,516,319
Business-type Capital Assets, Net of				
Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 87,360,020	\$14,893,812	\$10,213,299	\$ 92,040,533

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Water Sewer Storm	\$ 1,223,576 1,603,079 504,235
Total Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 3,330,890

Depreciation expense is different from business-type activity accumulated depreciation additions because of joint metering, salvage cost of removal, internal allocations, and cost associated with the disposal of assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General fund General fund General fund Water utility Wastewater utility Stormwater utility Wastewater utility	Water utility TID No. 6 Transit General fund General fund General fund Water Utility	\$	868,064 14,794 5,225 177,665 210,437 55,819 29,545
Total - Fund Financial Statem	nents		1,361,549
Less: Fund eliminations			(937,406)
Total Internal Balances - C Net Position	Government-Wide Statement of	<u>\$</u>	424,143
Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	Amount
Governmental Activities Business-type Activities	Business-type Activities Governmental Activities	\$	868,064 (443,921)
Total Government-Wide F	inancial Statements	\$	424,143

All amounts are due within one year.

The principal purpose of these interfunds is payment in lieu of taxes and utility special assessments on the tax roll. All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Advances

The general fund is advancing funds to TID No. 7 capital project fund. The amount advanced is determined by the deficiency of revenues over expenditures and other financing sources. No repayment schedule has been established.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

E. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS (cont.)

Advances (cont.)

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount	_	mount Not e Within One Year
General fund	TID No. 7	\$ 40,635	\$	40,635
Total - Fund Financial Statem	40,635			
Less: Fund eliminations	 (40,635)			
Total - Interfund Advances of Net Position	\$ _			

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From	Amount		Principal Purpose
TID No. 4 General fund Transit system Library trust General fund	TID No. 3 Water utility General fund Debt service Tourism	\$	532,969 868,064 50,000 15,500 6,250	Contribution Tax equivalent Fund operations Library costs Tourism activity
Sub-Total			1,472,783	
Less: Fund eliminations			(604,719)	
Total Transfers - Go of Activities	vernment-Wide Statement	\$	868,064	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2017, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	 Decreases		Ending Balance		mounts Due Vithin One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds and Notes Payable									
General obligation debt Premiums	\$	39,903,350 924,107	\$	3,710,000 183,390	\$ 5,309,702 105,182	\$	38,303,648 1,002,315	\$	5,111,206
Sub-totals	_	40,827,457		3,893,390	5,414,884		39,305,963		5,111,206
Other Liabilities									
Accumulated vacation Vested sick leave		704,779 408,567		718,377 12,152	704,779 -		718,377 420,719		718,377 -
Capital leases Net pension liability		312,488 1,186,892		<u> </u>	56,904 576,999		255,584 609,893		59,573 -
Total Other Liabilities	_	2,612,726		730,529	 1,338,682	_	2,004,573		777,950
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	43,440,183	\$	4,623,919	\$ 6,753,566	\$	41,310,536	\$	5,889,156
Business-type Activities Bonds and Notes Payable									
General obligation debt Revenue bonds Premiums	\$	1,661,330 16,188,977 283,535	\$	95,000 10,770,830 25,775	\$ 326,330 3,533,045 25,476	\$	1,430,000 23,426,762 283,834	\$	240,000 2,665,949
Sub-totals		18,133,842		10,891,605	 3,884,851		25,140,596		2,905,949
Other Liabilities Vested compensated									
absences Net pension liability		102,436 155,447		99,961 	102,436 77,929		99,961 77,518		38,304
Total Other Liabilities	_	257,883	_	99,961	 180,365	_	177,479	_	38,304
Total Business-type Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	18,391,725	\$	10,991,566	\$ 4,065,216	\$	25,318,075	\$	2,944,253

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the city may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the city's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2017, was \$69,703,550. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year-end was \$39,733,648.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation notes and bonds payable are backed by the full faith and credit of the city. Notes and bonds in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund. Business-type activities debt is payable by revenues from user fees of those funds or, if the revenues are not sufficient, by future tax levies.

Governmental Activities					Balance
	Date of	Final	Interest	Original	December 31,
General Obligation Debt	Issue	Maturity	Rates	Indebtedness	2017
Bonds	7/22/08	2023	4.00 - 4.15%	\$ 6,345,000	\$ 355,000
Promissory notes	6/23/09	2019	2.50 - 4.00%	7,165,000	1,210,000
Refunding bonds	7/21/10	2021	2.00 - 3.50%	4,395,000	2,030,000
Bonds	8/3/10	2030	2.95 - 4.00%	1,305,000	1,175,000
Promissory notes	8/3/10	2020	1.50 - 2.90%	1,125,000	375,000
State trust fund loan	3/16/10	2030	5.50%	2,500,000	1,907,247
State trust fund loan	3/16/10	2030	5.50%	1,000,000	762,899
State trust fund loan	9/21/10	2030	5.25%	825,000	660,153
Promissory notes	3/10/11	2020	2.00 - 3.40%	1,420,000	560,000
Refunding bonds	3/16/11	2026	2.00 - 4.25%	1,100,000	520,000
Bonds	3/23/12	2021	2.00 - 3.00%	1,805,000	1,030,000
Refunding bonds	8/28/12	2021	2.00 - 1.75%	1,850,000	1,310,000
Refunding bonds	2/26/13	2025	2.00 - 2.50%	7,625,000	4,860,000
Promissory notes	2/26/13	2022	2.00%	1,560,000	905,000
Promissory notes	3/19/14	2023	2.00 - 3.00%	3,300,000	2,260,000
Promissory notes	3/10/15	2024	2.00 - 3.00%	4,080,000	3,965,000
Refunding bonds	3/10/15	2027	2.00 - 4.00%	710,000	620,000
State trust fund loan	5/5/15	2020	3%	168,000	103,349
Bonds	2/23/16	2025	3%	2,600,000	2,600,000
Refunding bonds	2/23/16	2028	2.00 - 3.00%	7,410,000	7,385,000
Promissory notes	3/1/17	2026	2.00-4.00%	3,000,000	3,000,000
Refunding bonds	3/1/17	2023	1.50-2.70%	710,000	710,000

Total Governmental Activities - General Obligation Debt

\$ 38,303,648

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

General Obligation Debt (cont.)

Business-type Activities	5	-			. –	Balance
General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Origina Indebtedn		ecember 31, 2017
Bonds	7/22/08	2023	4.00 - 4.15%	\$ 1,450,0	000 \$	105,000
Refunding Bonds	2/23/16	2028	3%	1,240,0	000	1,230,000
Refunding bonds	3/1/17	2023	1.50-2.70%	95,0	000 _	95,000
					¢	1 420 000
Total Business-type A	ctivities - Gene	ral Obligation	Debt		<u> p</u>	1,430,000

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Governmental Activities General Obligation Debt			Business-type Activities General Obligation Debt			
<u>Years</u>	<u> </u>	Principal		Interest		Principal	_	Interest
2018	\$	5,111,206	\$	1,116,617	\$	240,000	\$	38,099
2019		4,972,171		963,087		240,000		30,580
2020		4,903,263		840,976		255,000		24,450
2021		4,849,285		704,382		270,000		16,720
2022		4,025,964		571,698		280,000		8,515
2023-2027		12,368,180		1,329,180		145,000		2,145
2028-2030		2,073,579		143,578		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Totals	<u>\$</u>	38,303,648	\$	5,669,518	\$	1,430,000	\$	120,509

Revenue Debt

Business-type activities revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the water and wastewater utilities.

The water utility has pledged future revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds issued in 2012-2017. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the plant construction capital projects. The bonds are payable solely from water revenues and are payable through 2037. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 27% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$17,192,940. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$705,432 and \$3,403,060, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt (cont.)

The wastewater utility has pledged future revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay revenue bonds issued in 2003. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the plant construction capital projects. The bonds are payable solely from wastewater revenues and are payable through 2022. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 58% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$9,590,362. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$1,993,263 and \$3,332,933, respectively.

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2017, consists of the following:

Business-type Activities Revenue Debt

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance December 31, 2017
Water Utility					
Revenue bonds Revenue bonds Revenue bonds	4/23/12 3/1/17 3/1/17	2032 2027 2037	2.00 - 3.50% 2.00 - 3.00% 1.87%	\$ 5,880,000 945,000 9,825,830	\$ 3,695,000 945,000 9,825,830
			To	otal Water Utility	14,465,830
Wastewater Utility					
Revenue bonds	1/8/03	2022	2.750%	24,875,636	8,960,932
			Total W	astewater Utility	8,960,932
Total Business-type Activities - Revenue Debt					\$ 23,426,762

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

Revenue Debt (cont.)

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Business-type Activities Revenue Debt					
<u>Years</u>		Principal		Interest		
2018	\$	2,665,949	\$	548,055		
2019 2020		2,735,258 2,810,993		476,955 401,313		
2021 2022		2,888,191 2,971,895		320,963 238,191		
2023-2027 2028-2032		3,362,744 3,184,167		798,099 439,766		
2033-2037		2,807,565		133,198		
Totals	\$	23,426,762	\$	3,356,540		

Capital Leases

Refer to Note IV. G.

Other Debt Information

Estimated payments of compensated absences and net pension liability are not included in the debt service requirement schedules. The compensated absences liability and net pension liability attributable to governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the general fund.

A statutory mortgage lien upon the water and wastewater's system and any additions, improvements and extensions thereto is created by Section 66.0621 of the Wisconsin Statutes as provided for in the ordinances creating the revenue bond issue. The water and wastewater's system and the earnings of the system remain subject to the lien until payment in full of the principal and interest on the bonds.

Current Refunding

On March 01, 2017, the city issued \$805,000 in general obligation bonds with an average coupon rate of 1.5-2.7% to refund \$779,402 of outstanding state trust fund loan with an average coupon rate of 5.25%. The net proceeds along with existing funds of the city were used to prepay the outstanding debt.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded debt prior to the current refunding was \$935,460 from 2018 through 2023. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$880,861 from 2018 through 2023. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$57,924.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

F. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (cont.)

On March 01, 2017, the water utility issued \$945,000 in revenue bonds with an average coupon rate of 2.74% to refund \$1,225,000 of outstanding bonds with an average coupon rate of 3.94%. The net proceeds along with existing funds of the water utility were used to prepay the outstanding debt.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded debt prior to the current refunding was \$1,551,525 from 2017 through 2027. The cash flow requirements on the refunding bonds are \$1,097,083 from 2017 through 2027. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$57,644.

G. LEASE DISCLOSURES

Lessee - Capital Leases

The city acquired a fire truck through a capital lease.

The future minimum lease obligations as of December 31, 2017, are as follows:

		Governmental Activities						
<u>Years</u>	Princip	oal	Interest		Totals			
2018 2019 2020	6	9,573 \$ 2,367 5,292	11,987 9,193 6,268	\$	71,560 71,560 71,560			
2021	6	8,352	3,206		71,558			
Totals	\$ 25	<u>5,584</u> \$	30,654	\$	286,238			

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2017, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net Investment in Capital Assets		
Land	\$	7,801,749
Construction in progress		87,422
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		68,334,725
Less: Long-term debt outstanding		(38,559,232)
Plus: Noncapital debt outstanding		6,498,171
Less: Unamortized debt premium		(1,002,315)
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	43,160,520

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2017, include the following:

	General	Debt Service	General Capital Projects	Nonmajor Funds	Totals
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable: Delinquent personal property taxes Prepaid items Advances to other funds Permanent trust Sub-total	\$ 5,154 221,229 40,635 	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - 18,200 - 18,200	\$ 5,154 221,229 40,635 18,200 285,218
Restricted for: Debt service TID activities Library Grant/loan programs	- - -	200,536	- - -	6,500,499 296,594 1,716,869	200,536 6,500,499 296,594 1,716,869
Emergency management training Developer parks Tourism Health program activities Sub-total	6,931 - - - - 6,931	- - - 200,536	- - 	164,110 10,580 23,094 8,711,746	6,931 164,110 10,580 23,094 8,919,213
Committed to: General capital projects Riverfest operations Environmental health Refuse collection and recycling Sub-total	- - - -	- - - -	596,663 - - - - 596,663	65,866 362,644 <u>427,209</u> 855,719	596,663 65,866 362,644 <u>427,209</u> 1,452,382
Assigned to: Water utility tax equivalent Carryovers Subsequent year's budget General reserve projects Sub-total Unassigned (deficit):	868,064 81,583 200,000 111,862 1,261,509 4,538,158	- - - - - - -	- - - - - - -	- - - - (101,823)	868,064 81,583 200,000 111,862 1,261,509 4,436,335
Total Fund Balances (Deficit)	\$ 6,073,616	\$ 200,536	\$ 596,663	\$ 9,483,842	<u>\$ 16,354,657</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

H. NET POSITION/FUND BALANCES (cont.)

Business-type Activities

Net Investment in Capital Assets		
Land	\$	1,524,214
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		90,516,319
Less: Long-term debt outstanding		(24,856,762)
Plus: Unspent capital related debt proceeds		548,078
Less: Unamortized premium		(283,834)
Plus: Unamortized loss on advance refunding		95,571
Total Net Investment in Capital Assets	<u>\$</u>	67,543,586

I. COMPONENT UNIT

CITY OF WATERTOWN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

This report contains the City of Watertown Redevelopment Authority (RDA), which is included as a component unit.

In addition to the basic financial statements and the preceding notes to financial statements which apply, the following additional disclosures are considered necessary for a fair presentation.

a. Basis of Accounting/Measurement Focus

The RDA follows the modified accrual basis of accounting and the flow of economic resources measurement focus.

b. Deposits and Investments

	Carrying Value	Statement Balances	Associated Risks
Deposits	\$ 291,826	\$ 328,211	Custodial credit risk

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the RDA's deposits may not be returned to the RDA.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE IV - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (cont.)

I. COMPONENT UNIT (cont.)

CITY OF WATERTOWN REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (cont.)

b. Deposits and Investments (cont.)

Custodial Credit Risk (cont.)

As of December 31, 2017, \$78,211 of the RDA's total bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized

\$ 78,21²

See Note I.D.1. for further information on deposit and investment policies.

c. Long-Term Obligations

The Authority has revolving lines of credit with three local banks. The banks have partnered with the Authority on the loan program. Repayments are made on the lines of credit from loan repayments. Interest is charged at 1%. Principal amount outstanding as of December 31, 2017 was \$19,800, all of which is due in 2023. Interest amount outstanding as of December 31, 2017 was not significant.

d. Property Held for Resale

Property held for resale consists of land and buildings and is recorded at historical cost.

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

Plan description. The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which can be found at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Vesting. For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits provided. Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and State executive participants) are entitled to receive an unreduced retirement benefit. The factors influencing the benefit are: (1) final average earnings, (2) years of creditable service, and (3) a formula factor.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest years' earnings. Creditable service is the creditable current and prior service expressed in years or decimal equivalents of partial years for which a participant receives earnings and makes contributions as required. The formula factor is a standard percentage based on employment category.

Employees may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupation employees) and receive reduced benefits. Employees terminating covered employment before becoming eligible for a retirement benefit may withdraw their contributions and forfeit all rights to any subsequent benefits.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Post-retirement adjustments. The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment	Variable Fund Adjustment
2007	3.0%	10%
2008	6.6	0
2009	(2.1)	(42)
2010	(1.3)	22
2011	(1.2)	11
2012	(7.0)	(7)
2013	(9.6)	9
2014	4.7	25
2015	2.9	2
2016	0.5	(5)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Contributions. Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees and Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$812,547 in contributions from the city.

Contribution rates as of December 31, 2017 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer_
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.8%	6.8%
Protective with Social Security	6.8%	10.6%
Protective without Social Security	6.8%	14.9%

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2017, the city reported a liability of \$687,411 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2015 rolled forward to December 31, 2016. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The city's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the city's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2016, the city's proportion was 0.08339948%, which was an increase of 0.00079304% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2015.

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the city recognized pension expense of \$1,774,038.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

At December 31, 2017, the city reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	262,109	\$	2,161,848
Changes in assumptions		718,715		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		3,421,712		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		31,873		5,751
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		892,699	_	
Totals	\$	5,327,108	\$	2,167,599

\$892,699 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

_	Years Ended December 31:	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	2018	\$	1,614,089	\$	691,622
	2019		1,614,087		691,622
	2020		1,318,872		691,622
	2021		(113,832)		92,666
	2022		1,193		67

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date: December 31, 2015

Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset): December 31, 2016

Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age

Asset Valuation Method: Fair Market Value

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return: 7.2%

Discount Rate: 7.2%

Salary Increases:

Inflation 3.2%

Seniority/Merit 0.2% - 5.6%

Mortality: Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table

Post-retirement Adjustments*: 2.1%

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2015 using experience from 2012-2014 The total pension liability for December 31, 2016 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2015 actuarial valuation.

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 2.1% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Long-term expected return on plan assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Core Fund Asset Class	Current Asset Allocation %	Destination Target Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Global Equities	50%	45%	8.3%	5.4%
Fixed Income	24.5	37	4.2	1.4
Inflation Sensitive Assets	15.5	20	4.3	1.5
Real Estate	8	7	6.5	3.6
Private Equity/Debt	8	7	9.4	6.5
Multi-Asset	4	4	6.6	3.7
Total Core Fund	110	120	7.4	4.5
Variable Fund Asset Class				
U.S Equities	70	70	7.6	4.7
International Equities	30	30	8.5	5.6
Total Variable Fund	100	100	7.9	5.0

New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.75%

Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges, target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

A. EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (cont.)

Single discount rate. A single discount rate of 7.20% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.20% and a long term bond rate of 3.78%. Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 7.20% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 2.1% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability(asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the city's proportionate share of the net pension liability(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to		1% Increase to
	Discount Rate	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	(6.20%)	Rate (7.20%)	(8.20%)
City's proportionate share of the net		<u> </u>	
pension liability(asset)	\$9,043,330	\$687,411	\$(5,747,026)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at http://etf.wi.gov/publications/cafr.htm.

At December 31, 2017, the city reported a payable to the pension plan which represents contractually required contributions outstanding as of the end of the year.

Protective employees of the city hired prior to 1948 are covered under the city's police and fire pension funds established under Chapter 62 of the Wisconsin Statutes. These pension plans were assumed by the Wisconsin Retirement Fund as of April 1, 1978. The city's total contribution to the fund during 2017 was \$11,305. The estimated liability for future payments based on current pension payment amounts and actuarial table mortality rates for covered individuals is insignificant.

B. RISK MANAGEMENT

The city is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

C. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

From time to time, the city is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the city attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the city's financial position or results of operations.

The city has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

The city has active construction projects as of December 31, 2017. Work that has been completed on these projects but not yet paid for (including contract retainages) is reflected as accounts payable and expenditures.

D. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In April 2018, the city council approved a resolution to close-out Tax Incremental District No. 3.

On February 27, 2018 the city issued general obligation promissory notes in the amount of \$4,100,000 with an interest rate of 3-4%. This amount will be used for various capital projects.

E. TAX ABATEMENT

Tax abatements are a reduction in tax revenues that results from an agreement between one or more governments and an individual or entity in which (a) one or more governments promise to forgo tax revenues to which they are otherwise entitled and (b) the individual or entity promises to take a specific action after the agreement has been entered into that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or the citizens of those governments.

The city is disclosing all abatement agreements individually.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

E. TAX ABATEMENT (cont.)

The city through its Tax Incremental Financing Districts has entered into tax abatement agreements with a developers in the form of tax incremental financing incentive payments to stimulate economic development. The abatements are authorized through the TID project plans. The developers pay property taxes as they become due, and after meeting the criteria established in the development agreements, are entitled to future incentive payments that directly correlate to the taxes paid.

Agreement Description	Calculation Method	Developer Commitment	<u> P</u> a	2017 ayments
\$3,000,000 incentive payment from the city for which the city took out a 20-year loan. Developer guaranteed tax increments to cover annual city debt payments on the loan. Excess increments over debt payments are paid to the developer.	Excess increment	Developer agreed to construct an approximate 85,000 square foot building for a supermarket and a 10,000 square foot building for a bank with an estimated equalized value of \$13,064,837.	\$	52,210
The city will contribute \$450,000 to the developer upon substantial completion of the Riverwalk work. Unpaid amount will accrue interest at the rate of 6.25%. Outstanding balance at December 31, 2016 was \$449,222.	Tax increment	Developer agreed to construct a housing complex		41,299

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

NOTE V - OTHER INFORMATION (cont.)

F. EFFECT OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ON CURRENT-PERIOD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- > Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions
- > Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- > Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- > Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017
- > Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues
- > Statement No. 87, Leases

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
TAXES				
General property taxes for city purposes	\$ 8,261,721	\$ 8,261,721	\$ 8,257,679	\$ (4,042)
Payments in lieu of taxes	287,900	287,900	264,566	(23,334)
Tax chargebacks	-	-	330	330
Interest on taxes	23,000	23,000	23,769	769
Totals	8,572,621	8,572,621	8,546,344	(26,277)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL				
Shared taxes from state	3,053,792	3,053,792	3,054,451	659
Computer exemption aid	43,000	43,000	44,268	1,268
Fire insurance from state	50,000	50,000	62,870	12,870
State aid - service to state facilities	2,766	2,766	2,443	(323)
State aid - police training	6,600	6,600	5,920	(680)
State aid - road allotment	983,141	983,141	919,332	(63,809)
State aid - connecting streets	49,479	49,479	49,631	152
State aid - health department grant	67,621	67,621	90,326	22,705
State aid - gas tax refund	6,800	6,800	7,094	294
Firefighter grants	-	-	36,518	36,518
Police grant - Dept. of Justice	8,000	8,000	5,561	(2,439)
Totals	4,271,199	4,271,199	4,278,414	7,215
LICENSES AND PERMITS				
Class A - malt - retail and grocery	1,900	1,900	2,125	225
Class A - liquor - liquor store	6,000	6,000	8,150	2,150
Class B - malt and liquor	28,800	28,800	24,914	(3,886)
Class B - malt only	1,900	1,900	1,550	(350)
Class B - malt - special events	325	325	395	70
Special events licenses - police officers	800	800	550	(250)
Beverage operator licenses	27,000	27,000	27,359	359
Cigarette licenses	775	775	800	25
Dog licenses	11,500	11,500	11,296	(204)
Cat licenses	1,700	1,700	1,820	120
Dog penalties	1,200	1,200	1,530	330
Soft drink licenses	260	260	205	(55)
Miscellaneous licenses	700	700	670	(30)
Music licenses	700	700	675	(25)

		Budgeted	l Am	nounts			Variance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Final Budget
LICENSES AND PERMITS (cont.)			_			7.000.	
Bicycle license fees	\$	200	\$	200	\$	245	\$ 45
Building permits, plan approval and state stickers	Ψ	160,450	Ψ	160,450	Ψ	104,856	(55,594)
Demolition permits		500		500		9,904	9,404
Registration of vacant buildings/derelict structures		800		800		850	50
Chicken permits		200		200		250	50
Occupy street/sidewalk		900		900		1,365	465
Heating permits		22,000		22,000		23,972	1,972
Electric permits		33,000		33,000		50,301	17,301
Plumbing permits		20,000		20,000		16,655	(3,345)
Swimming pool permits		350		350		75	(275)
Sign permits		500		500		1,275	775
Fire protection permits		1,500		1,500		1,050	(450)
Miscellaneous permits		25		25		300	275
Court penalties and costs		240,000		240,000		201,641	(38,359)
Totals		563,985		563,985		494,778	(69,207)
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES							
Clerk and treasurer fees		5,500		5,500		10,807	5,307
Publication fees		3,800		3,800		3,900	100
Attorney fees		150		150		-	(150)
Sale of materials and supplies		20,500		500		1,193	693
Cable TV fees		260,000		260,000		246,312	(13,688)
Appeal fees		700		700		400	(300)
Site plan review fees		5,000		5,000		4,950	(50)
Public hearing fees		14,000		14,000		11,350	(2,650)
Cable TV revenue		1,000		1,000		1,426	426
Reimbursement from prior year		-		-		4,221	4,221
Sales tax discount		150		150		135	(15)
Miscellaneous		18,000		18,000		27,976	9,976
Charges for city services - tax exempt property		26,000		26,000		25,600	(400)
Stipulation and waiver fees		70		70		60	(10)
Police department revenue		16,500		16,500		11,265	(5,235)
Alarm permits/response fees		4,000		4,000		4,785	785
Ambulance - EMS charges		540,000		540,000		442,336	(97,664)
Fire cost recovery		4,000		4,000		3,000	(1,000)
Health department revenue		13,000		13,000		5,828	(7,172)
County aid - health check		18,000		18,000		15,951	(2,049)
Parking violations		25,000		25,000		31,248	6,248
Yard waste exemption		200		200		175	(25)
Fees for plans and specs		700		700		470	(230)

	Bud	geted	d Am	ounts			Var	iance with
	Origina	d		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
PUBLIC CHARGES FOR SERVICES (cont.)								
Public works charges for services	\$ 1.	000	\$	1,000	\$	6,239	\$	5,239
Recreation department revenues	115		*	115,000	*	134,122	*	19,122
Recreation department concessions		500		1,500		1,799		299
Ticket sales revenue		000		1,000		735		(265)
Aquatic center revenue	160			160,000		147,751		(12,249)
Indoor swimming pool		000		50,000		49,665		(335)
Senior center revenue		200		3,200		3,291		` 91 [′]
Senior center memberships	6	500		6,500		6,880		380
Senior center rental fees		000		16,000		17,218		1,218
Park rentals		000		30,000		34,758		4,758
Miscellaneous park revenues		000		30,000		23,237		(6,763)
Totals	1,390			1,370,470		1,279,083		(91,387)
INTERGOVERNMENTAL CHARGES FOR SERVICES								
Fire/EMS protection services - townships	210	635		210,635		212,503		1,868
INVESTMENT INCOME	0.5	000		05.000		00.005		40.005
Investment income	65	000	_	65,000		83,665		18,665
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES								
Insurance dividends	50,	000		50,000		52,366		2,366
Airport crop land rental		-		-		11,843		11,843
Airport hangar rental	10,	800		10,800		12,244		1,444
Airport fuel tax	5,	000		5,000		3,323		(1,677)
Airport terminal rent	2,	400		2,400		2,200		(200)
Billboard rent		-		-		3,615		3,615
Fire prevention programs		-		-		11,411		11,411
Police K-9		500		2,500		-		(2,500)
Police donations	10,	000		10,000		41,758		31,758
Senior center fundraising		-		-		21,496		21,496
Bike Trail				-		1,122		1,122
EMS/EMT Training		-		-		6,734		6,734
4th of July parade		-		-		12,350		12,350
Christmas Parade						6,525		6,525
Totals	80	700		80,700		186,987		106,287
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Sale of assets		_		20,000		25,932		5,932
Transfer in		_				6,250		6,250
Transfer in - tax equivalent	770,	000		770,000		868,064		98,064
Totals	770.			790,000		900,246		110,246
. 2.30.0				,				- ,
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER	15,924	610		15,924,610		15,982,020		57,410
FINANCING SOURCES	10,024	3.0		. 5,52 1,510		10,002,020		0.,110

		Budgeted	l Am	ounts		Vari	ance with
	(Original		Final	Actual	Fina	al Budget
GENERAL GOVERNMENT	<u> </u>						
Common council	\$	86,986	\$	86,986	\$ 81,154	\$	5,832
Commissions and committees		250		250	265		(15)
Municipal court		117,813		117,813	121,309		(3,496)
Mayor		176,769		199,904	138,168		61,736
Clerk/treasurer		421,278		435,326	431,272		4,054
Elections		39,495		39,495	30,395		9,100
Assessment of property		68,200		68,200	70,152		(1,952)
Accounting and auditing		50,000		50,000	52,559		(2,559)
City attorney		192,852		192,852	187,137		5,715
Special legal fees		30,000		30,000	12,165		17,835
Municipal building		301,001		301,001	294,671		6,330
Other buildings		4,500		4,500	4,455		45
Information Technology		105,850		136,642	128,144		8,498
Property and liability insurance		446,200		446,200	434,374		11,826
Employee Bonds		520		520	-		520
Retiree health insurance		18,000		15,684	11,305		4,379
Employee assistance program		2,000		2,000	830		1,170
Employee Best Flex 125 Plan		4,500		4,500	5,039		(539)
Employee pay plan study/training		2,000		2,000	250		1,750
Police and fire pension		2,934		2,934	-		2,934
Unemployment compensation		5,000		5,000	103		4,897
Cable TV		73,416		73,416	66,176		7,240
Other general government		-		-	244		(244)
Contingency		52,829		<u>-</u>	 		<u> </u>
Totals		2,202,393	_	2,215,223	 2,070,167		145,056
PUBLIC SAFETY							
Police		4,021,515		3,971,515	3,886,884		84,631
Crossing guards		37,430		37,430	36,806		624
Dispatch center		679,070		679,070	684,636		(5,566)
Fire department		2,462,611		2,466,011	2,496,982		(30,971)
Building inspection		247,188		247,188	237,583		9,605
Emergency government		5,500		5,500	 4,281		1,219
Totals		7,453,314		7,406,714	 7,347,172		59,542

	Budgeted	l Am	nounts		Vari	ance with
	Original		Final	Actual	Fina	al Budget
PUBLIC WORKS	<u> </u>					<u> </u>
Engineering	\$ 432,627	\$	437,841	\$ 419,701	\$	18,140
Planning	28,000		28,000	9,366		18,634
Machinery and equipment	443,132		443,132	412,649		30,483
Garages and sheds	115,780		115,780	117,600		(1,820)
Street administration	284,202		284,202	285,045		(843)
Service to other departments	49,786		49,786	113,995		(64,209)
Traffic control	26,000		26,000	25,358		642
Street maintenance	701,527		701,527	705,817		(4,290)
Snow and ice control	405,618		405,618	318,488		87,130
Signs and markings	92,465		99,370	86,475		12,895
Street lighting	414,000		414,000	501,486		(87,486)
Airport	 192,500	_	200,400	169,711		30,689
Totals	 3,185,637		3,205,656	 3,165,691		39,965
HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
Health care	 391,243		391,243	 389,796		1,447
CULTURE, EDUCATION, AND RECREATION						
Library	726,844		726,844	726,843		1
Recreation administration	196,410		196,410	192,302		4,108
Recreation	116,473		124,501	126,583		(2,082)
Aquatic center	230,922		224,322	211,795		12,527
Indoor pool	172,279		172,279	147,873		24,406
Senior & community center	243,840		243,840	226,432		17,408
Parks	844,962		844,962	837,099		7,863
Park garage	 21,300		21,300	 18,591		2,709
Totals	 2,553,030		2,554,458	 2,487,518		66,940
CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT						
Economic development	162,483		162,483	159,833		2,650
Totals	162,483	_	162,483	159,833		2,650

		Budgeted	d Amo	unts			Vai	riance with
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
PUBLIC SERVICE ENTERPRISES					-			
Cemetery	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	_
Chamber Main Street	•	30,000	Ť	30,000	•	30,000	•	_
Humane society		59,000		59,000		59,000		-
Community Laundry Program		3,000		3,000		3,000		-
Watertown Family Center		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Watertown Area Cares Clinic		5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Historical Society		12,000		12,000		12,000		-
Totals		164,000		164,000		164,000		-
CAPITAL OUTLAY								
Fire prevention programs				_		17,027		(17,027)
Police department donations		10,000		10,000		40,052		(30,052)
Police canine unit		2,500		2,500		1,164		1,336
Senior center fundraising		-		· -		15,125		(15,125)
Bike Trail		-		-		1,125		(1,125)
EMT training/Act 102		-		-		6,910		(6,910)
4th of July Parade		-		-		17,525		(17,525)
Christmas Parade		-		-		9,310		(9,310)
Totals		12,500		12,500		108,238		(95,738)
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Transfer out - transit				50,000		50,000		<u>-</u>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1	6,124,600	16	6,162,277		15,942,415		219,862
Net change in fund balance		(199,990)		(237,667)		39,605		277,272
FUND BALANCE - Beginning of Year		6,034,011	6	5,034,011		6,034,011		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	5,834,021	\$ 5	5,796,344	\$	6,073,616	\$	277,272

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Fiscal <u>Year Ending</u>	Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Covered Payroll	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/17	0.08339948%	\$ 687,411	\$ 9,764,018	7.04%	99.12%
12/31/16	0.08260644%	1,342,339	9,542,681	14.07%	98.20%
12/31/15	0.08300487%	(2,038,827)	9,184,102	22.20%	102.74%

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS - WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

Fiscal Year Ending	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Rela Cor R	tributions in ation to the ntractually Required ntributions	De	ntribution eficiency Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/17 12/31/16	\$	892,699 814,342	\$	892,699 814,342	\$	-	\$ 9,898,702 9,764,018	9.02% 8.34%
12/31/15		815,395		815,395		-	9,542,681	8.54%

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION As of and for the Year Ended December 31, 2017

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note I.C.

The budgeted amounts presented include any amendments made. The city may authorize transfers of budgeted amounts within departments. Transfers between departments and changes to the overall budget must be approved by a two-thirds council action.

Appropriation lapse at year end unless specifically carried over. Carryovers to the following year were \$81,583 in general fund. Budgets are adopted at the department level of expenditure.

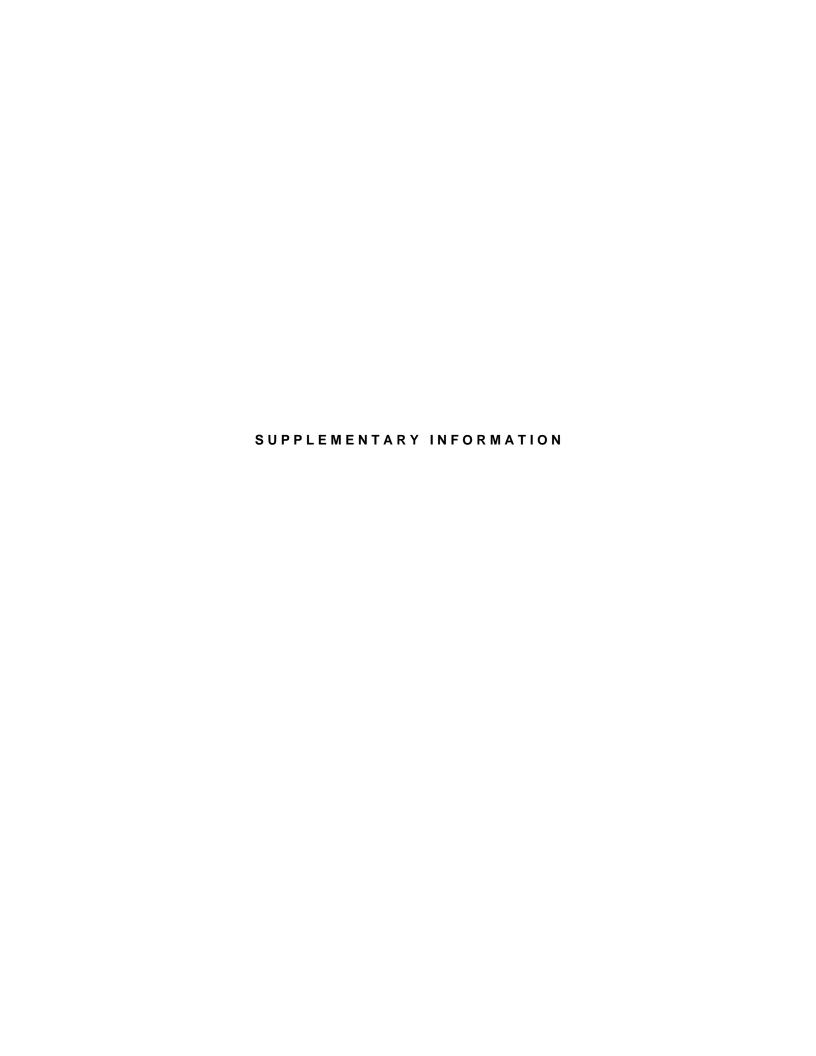
WISCONSIN RETIREMENT SYSTEM

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

The city is required to present the last ten fiscal years of data; however, accounting standards allow the presentation of as many years as are available until ten fiscal years are presented.

Changes in benefit terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in Assumptions. There were no changes in assumptions.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2017

				Sn	ecia	l Revenue Fi	ınds	
				<u></u>	cola	CDBG	arrac	,
	Т	ransit		CDBG		Housing		
		ystem	Е	conomic		Rehab		Library
		und		Fund		Fund		Fund
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	759,508	\$	43,984	\$	197,777
Receivables (net)								
Taxes receivable		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable				-		-		25
Grants receivable		52,726		-		-		-
Loans receivable		-		94,651		776,603		-
Prepaid items				<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	52,726	\$	854,159	\$	820,587	\$	197,802
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities	•				_		•	
Accounts payable	\$	39,262	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,805
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		- - 225		-		-		-
Advances from other funds		5,225		-		-		-
Other liabilities		_		_		_		_
		44,487			-		_	14,805
Total Liabilities		44,407	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	14,003
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unearned revenues		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenues		52,726		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		52,726			_			-
Fund Balances Nonspendable:								
Permanent trust		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		854,159		820,587		182,997
Committed		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)		(44,487)					_	-
Total Fund Balances		(44,487)		854,159	_	820,587		182,997
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$	52,726	\$	854,159	\$	820,587	\$	197,802
. JIID DALAIIOLO	<u>Ψ</u>	,0	<u>*</u>	30 .,.30	<u>*</u>	020,001	<u>*</u>	. 0.,002

							Speci	al R	evenue Fu	nds					
F	Riverfest Fund		Developer Parks Fund	En	vironmental Health Fund		nergency paredness Fund	Se	al-A-Smile Fund		Library Trust	_	Tourism Fund		Solid Waste Fund
\$	66,012	\$	164,110	\$	368,629	\$	43,462	\$	23,265	\$	113,597	\$	16,547	\$	275,877
	- - -		- - -		- -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		61,259 118,247
	<u>-</u>		- -		- 4,458	-	2		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- 8,410
\$	66,012	\$	164,110	\$	373,087	\$	43,464	\$	23,265	\$	113,597	\$	16,547	\$	463,793
\$	146 -	\$	-	\$	3,430 7,013	\$	- 1,341	\$	- 171	\$	-	\$	5,967 -	\$	27,120 9,464
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	146	_	<u> </u>	_	10,443	_	1,341		171	_		_	5,967	_	36,584
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_			<u>-</u>		-	_					-
	_		<u>-</u>		_		_		_		_		_		_
	-		164,110		-		42,123		23,094		113,597		10,580		-
	65,866 -		-		362,644		-		-		-		-		427,209
	65,866		164,110		362,644		42,123		23,094		113,597		10,580		427,209
\$	66,012	\$	164,110	\$	373,087	\$	43,464	\$	23,265	\$	113,597	\$	16,547	\$	463,793

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2017

		Capita	l Projects Fund	ds	
	TID No. 3	TID No. 4	TID No. 5	TID No. 6	TID No. 7
ASSETS	• • • • • • • •	. . .		•	•
Cash and investments	\$ 1,128,159	\$ 1,710,450	\$ 3,967,133	\$ -	\$ -
Receivables (net) Taxes receivable	1,456,188	492,349	475,008	67,607	22,117
Accounts receivable	1,430,100	492,549	13,630	-	-
Grants receivable	-	-	-	_	_
Loans receivable	-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid items	-				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,584,347	\$ 2,202,799	\$ 4,455,771	\$ 67,607	\$ 22,117
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,225	\$ -	\$ 1,907
Accrued liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-	14,794	-
Advances from other funds	-	-	-	-	40,635
Other liabilities			300,018		
Total Liabilities	-		305,243	14,794	42,542
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unearned revenues	1,456,188	492,349	475,008	67,607	22,117
Unavailable revenues			13,630		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,456,188	492,349	488,638	67,607	22,117
Fund Balances Nonspendable: Permanent trust	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted	1,128,159	1,710,450	3,661,890	_	_
Committed	-,0,.00	-	-	_	_
Unassigned (deficit)	-	_	_	(14,794)	(42,542)
Total Fund Balances	1,128,159	1,710,450	3,661,890	(14,794)	(42,542)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,					
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,584,347	\$ 2,202,799	\$ 4,455,771	\$ 67,607	\$ 22,117

Permanent Fund Library Trust		Total Nonmajor Funds				
\$	18,200	\$	8,896,710			
	- - - -	_	2,574,528 131,902 52,726 871,254 12,870			
\$	18,200	\$	12,539,990			
\$	- - - - - -	\$	97,862 17,989 20,019 40,635 300,018 476,523			
_	- - -	_	2,513,269 66,356 2,579,625			
_	18,200 - - - - 18,200	_	18,200 8,711,746 855,719 (101,823) 9,483,842			
\$	18,200	\$	12,539,990			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Transit System Fund	CDBG Economic Fund	CDBG Housing Rehab Fund	Library Fund		
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
Intergovernmental	417,100	-	-	243,281		
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-		
Public charges for services	300,835	- 6 112	-	30,466		
Investment income	-	6,113	382	24,378		
Miscellaneous Total Revenues	717,935	6,113	382	298,125		
EXPENDITURES						
Current Public works	767,195	_	_	_		
Health and human services	707,193	_	_	_		
Culture, education, and recreation	-	_	_	257,501		
Conservation and development	-	61,376	10,593	-		
Capital outlay	-	-	-	35,301		
Debt Service						
Principal	-	-	-	-		
Interest, issuance costs and fiscal charges						
Total Expenditures	767,195	61,376	10,593	292,802		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(49,260)	(55,263)	(10,211)	5,323		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Debt Issued	_	-	_	_		
Premium on debt issued	-	-	_	-		
Transfers in	50,000	-	-	-		
Transfers out						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	50,000					
Net change in fund balance	740	(55,263)	(10,211)	5,323		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -						
Beginning of Year	(45,227)	909,422	830,798	177,674		
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ (44,487)	\$ 854,159	\$ 820,587	\$ 182,997		

			Special Reven	ue Funds			
Riverfest Fund	Developer Parks Fund	Environmental Health Fund	Emergency Preparedness Fund	Seal-A-Smile Fund	Library Trust	Tourism Fund	Solid Waste Fund
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,432	
3,000	-	36,583	49,957	15,997	-	-	131,402
-	-	1,358 334,510	-	-	-	-	- 1,122,637
335	1,565	334,310	-	-	- 15,117	-	1,122,037
414,661		11,964	_	-	10,080	-	43,488
417,996		384,415	49,957	15,997	25,197	129,432	1,297,527
							022.020
-	_	- 325,427	38,742	- 15,415	_	-	932,838
414,957	_	-	-	-	1,300	112,602	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	51,519	-	-	-	-	-	263,688
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138,200
- 44.4.057				45.445	- 4 000	- 440,000	31,926
414,957	51,519	325,427	38,742	15,415	1,300	112,602	1,366,652
3,039	(49,954)	58,988	11,215	582	23,897	16,830	(69,125)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	265,000
-	-	-	-	-	45 500	-	16,141
_	_	-	_	_	15,500	(6,250)	_
					15,500	(6,250)	281,141
<u> </u>	. <u></u>				10,000	(0,230)	201,141
3,039	(49,954)	58,988	11,215	582	39,397	10,580	212,016
62,827	214,064	303,656	30,908	22,512	74,200		215,193
\$ 65,866	\$ 164,110	\$ 362,644	\$ 42,123	\$ 23,094	\$ 113,597	\$ 10,580	\$ 427,209

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Capital Projects Funds								
	TID No.3		TID No.4		TID No. 5		TID No. 6		TID No. 7
REVENUES									
Taxes	\$1,462,195	\$	489,004	\$	390,240	\$	67,449	\$	-
Intergovernmental	8,774		352		6,496		-		-
Licenses and permits	-		-		-		-		-
Public charges for services	- 0.044		42.004		- 27 020		-		-
Investment income	9,844		13,904		37,820		-		-
Miscellaneous	4 400 040		-		22,180	_		_	
Total Revenues	1,480,813		503,260		456,736		67,449	_	
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Public works	-		-		-		-		-
Health and human services	-		-		-		-		-
Culture, education, and recreation	-		-		-		-		-
Conservation and development	150		2,672		93,509		150		2,920
Capital outlay	-		-		863,161		-		-
Debt Service									
Principal	530,000		485,000		211,123		45,000		-
Interest, issuance costs and fiscal charges	31,593		98,688		225,519		20,150		-
Total Expenditures	561,743		586,360		1,393,312	-	65,300	-	2,920
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	919,070	_	(83,100)		(936,576)		2,149		(2,920)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES									
Debt issued	-		-		-		-		-
Premium on debt issued	-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in	-		532,969		-		-		-
Transfers out	(532,969)					_			-
Total Other Financing Sources	(532,969)	_	532,969	_		_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance	386,101		449,869		(936,576)		2,149		(2,920)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) -									
Beginning of Year	742,058		1,260,581		4,598,466		(16,943)		(39,622)
END OF YEAR	\$1,128,159	\$	1,710,450	\$	3,661,890	\$	(14,794)	\$	(42,542)

Permanent Fund Library Trust	Total Nonmajo Funds	or ——
\$ - - - - - -	1 1,788 85 526	,942 ,358 ,448 ,080 ,751
	5,852	,099
- - - -	786	,584 ,360 ,370
<u>-</u>	1,409 407 6,068	,876
	(215	<u>,316</u>)
- - - -	16 598 (539	,000 ,141 ,469 ,219)
-	125	,075
18,200	9,358	<u>,767</u>
\$ 18,200	\$ 9,483	,842